

(Translation from the Italian original which remains the definitive version)

ISP OBG S.r.l.

**Financial statements as at and for the year
Ended 31 December 2019**

(with the independent auditors' report thereon)



KPMG S.p.A.
Revisione e organizzazione contabile
Via Leone Pancaldo, 70
37138 VERONA VR
Telefono +39 045 8115111
Email it-fmauditaly@kpmg.it
PEC kpmgspa@pec.kpmg.it

(Translation from the Italian original which remains the definitive version)

Independent auditors' report pursuant to article 14 of Legislative decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010

*To the quotaholders of
ISP OBG S.r.l.*

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of ISP OBG S.r.l. (the “company”), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, the income statement and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended and notes thereto, which include a summary of the significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of ISP OBG S.r.l. as at 31 December 2019 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards endorsed by the European Union.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Auditors’ responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements” section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethics and independence rules and standards applicable in Italy to audits of financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to the disclosures provided in the “General information” section of the directors’ report and part A.1, section 2 “Basis of preparation” of the notes to the financial statements, where the directors state that the company’s sole business object is the acquisition of loans and securities which it funds through third party



financing as part of transactions to issue covered bonds in accordance with Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999. As described by the directors, the company has disclosed the acquired financial assets and securities and other transactions carried out as part of the above-mentioned transactions in the notes to the financial statements in accordance with the provisions of Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999, under which the loans and securities relating to each transaction constitute segregated assets from those of the company and those relating to other transactions for all intents and purposes. Our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

Other matters

As required by the law, the company disclosed the key figures from the most recently approved financial statements of the company that manages and coordinates it in the notes to its own financial statements. Our opinion on the financial statements of ISP OBG S.r.l. does not extend to such data.

Responsibilities of the company's directors and board of statutory auditors ("Collegio Sindacale") for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards endorsed by the European Union and, within the terms established by the Italian law, for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern and for the appropriate use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements and for the adequacy of the related disclosures. The use of this basis of accounting is appropriate unless the directors believe that the conditions for liquidating the company or ceasing operations exist, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The *Collegio Sindacale* is responsible for overseeing, within the terms established by the Italian law, the company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA Italia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA Italia, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting



from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors;
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance, identified at the appropriate level required by ISA Italia, regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinion pursuant to article 14.2.e) of Legislative decree no. 39/10

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation of a directors' report at 31 December 2019 and for the consistency of such report with the related financial statements and its compliance with the applicable law.

We have performed the procedures required by Standard on Auditing (SA Italia) 720B in order to express an opinion on the consistency of the directors' report with the company's financial statements at 31 December 2019 and its compliance with the applicable law and to state whether we have identified material misstatements.

In our opinion, the directors' report is consistent with the company's financial statements at 31 December 2019 and has been prepared in compliance with the applicable law.



ISP OBG S.r.l.
Independent auditors' report
31 December 2019

With reference to the above statement required by article 14.2.e) of Legislative decree no. 39/10, based on our knowledge and understanding of the entity and its environment obtained through our audit, we have nothing to report.

Verona, 10 March 2020

KPMG S.p.A.

(signed on the original)

Vito Antonini
Director

(Translation from the Italian original which remains the definitive version)

ISP OBG S.r.l.

2019 Annual Report

INTESA  SANPAOLO

ISP OBG S.r.l.

ISP OBG S.r.l.

Registered Office: Via Monte di Pietà 8, 20121 Milan. Company incorporated pursuant to Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999. Quota capital €42,038. Tax code and Registration number in the Milan Monza Brianza Lodi Company Register 05936010965. Member of the Intesa Sanpaolo VAT Group no. 11991500015 (IT11991500015). ABI Code 16832 and Electronic Code 335083. Company subject to management and coordination by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., and member of the Intesa Sanpaolo Banking Group, included in the register of banking groups.

Contents

Company bodies	5
Calling of quotaholders' meeting	6
2019 ANNUAL REPORT	7
Directors' report	
General information	9
Performance	9
Transactions with Group Companies	10
Related-party transactions	11
Treasury quotas and/or shares or quotas and/or shares in parent companies	11
Research and development	11
Composition of the Quota Capital	11
Management and coordination activities	11
Key events of the year	11
Events after the reporting date	12
Outlook	12
Going concern	12
Proposal to the quotaholders to approve the financial statements and the allocation of the profit/(loss) for the year	12
Report of the board of statutory auditors	13
Report of the independent auditors	23
Financial statements	
Statement of financial position	25
Income statement	27
Statement of comprehensive income	28
Statement of changes in equity	29
Statement of cash flows	30
Notes to the financial statements	
Part A: Accounting policies	32
Part B: Notes to the statement of financial position	36
Part C: Notes to the income statement	39
Part D: Other disclosures	42
Annexes	
Financial statements of the Parent Company Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. at 31 December 2018	75

Company bodies

Board of directors

Chairperson	Paola Fandella
Director	Vanessa Gemmo
Director	Mario Masini

Board of statutory auditors

Chairperson	Giuseppe Dalla Costa
Standing Statutory Auditor	Eugenio Mario Braja
Standing Statutory Auditor	Nicola Bruni

Independent Auditors

KPMG S.p.A..

Calling of quotaholders' meeting

2019 ANNUAL REPORT

Directors' report

General information

ISP OBG S.r.l. was incorporated on 14 November 2007 and its sole business object is the acquisition for consideration from banks of loans and securities (also issued through securitisations) within one or more covered bond issues in accordance with article 7-bis of Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999 and related implementing measures.

Its registered office is in Via Monte di Pietà 8, Milan.

The vehicle does not have employees and its portfolio has been managed by the servicer (Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) since 31 May 2012. Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (its administrative services provider) also provides it with administrative, accounting, corporate and tax services;

Performance

On 5 February 2019 Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. and Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (originators in the Programme) merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. with effect from 25 February 2019.

The Board of Directors authorised an increase in the Programme's maximum amount to €50 billion on 20 March 2019.

There were four payment dates in 2019: the first (20 February 2019), relating to cash flows from loan collections from 1 October 2018 to 31 December 2018; the second (20 May 2019), relating to cash flows from loan collections from 1 January 2019 to 31 March 2019; the third (20 August 2019) relating to cash flows from loan collections from 1 April 2019 to 30 June 2019; and the fourth (20 November 2019) relating to cash flows from loan collections from 1 July 2019 to 30 September 2019.

The following covered bonds were issued during the year:

- the thirty-second series was issued on 20 February 2019 and amounted to €1,650 million, maturing on 20 February 2024, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.69%;
- the thirty-third series was issued on 20 February 2019 and amounted to €1,650 million, maturing on 20 May 2032, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 1.30%;
- the thirty-fourth series was issued on 24 June 2019 and amounted to €1,600 million, maturing on 20 February 2027, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.46%;
- the thirty-fifth series of covered bonds was issued on 24 June 2019 and amounted to €1,600 million, maturing on 20 February 2029, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.59%;
- the thirty-sixth series of covered bonds was issued on 24 June 2019 and amounted to €1,800 million, maturing on 20 February 2033, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.86%;
- the thirty-seventh series of covered bonds was issued on 16 December 2019 and amounted to €1,250 million, maturing on 20 August 2032, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.35%.

These bonds are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. They pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year.

On 14 February 2019, the thirteenth and fourteenth series, each with a residual nominal amount of €1.375 million and an original maturity date of 20 February and 20 August 2019, respectively, were redeemed in advance.

On 18 February 2019, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold in the fifteenth sale, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originator Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. for a consideration of €1,206,166.28.

The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 23 of 23 February 2019.

A sixteenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 23 May 2019, effective from 20 May 2019. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for €7,032,887,983.19 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 63 of 30 May 2019.

On 31 May 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

A seventeenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 20 June 2019, effective from 17 June 2019. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for €2,755,617,611.70 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 75 of 27 June 2019.

On 28 June 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

On 9 October 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. exercised a repurchase option, accepted by the special purpose vehicle, with financial effect from 7 October 2019 and legal effect from 9 October 2019, in relation to several loans identified as a block pursuant to article 58 of the Consolidated Law on Banking.

The loans were returned by the vehicle to the originator Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. for a consideration of €3,512,514.28.

The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 120 of 12 October 2019.

On 29 October 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. exercised a repurchase option, accepted by the special purpose vehicle, with financial effect from 28 October 2019 and legal effect from 30 October 2019, in relation to several loans identified as a block pursuant to article 58 of the Consolidated Law on Banking.

The loans were returned by the vehicle to the originator Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. for a consideration of €650,373,895.23.

The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 130 of 5 November 2019.

An eighteenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 21 November 2019, effective from 18 November 2019. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for €2,378,514,772.24 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 140 of 28 November 2019.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 21 November 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

The subordinated loans were repaid on the guarantor payment dates of 20 February 2019 (€1,300 million), 20 May 2019 (€1,200 million), and 20 August 2019 (€2,000 million), using the cash and cash equivalents posted during the year, deriving from the collection of the principal from the assets of the underlying portfolio.

See point H of Part D - Other information in the Notes to the Financial Statements, for more information on the vehicle's operations.

Transactions with Group Companies

As required by article 2497 and following of the Italian Civil Code, it is noted that the vehicle has current accounts with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., which currently bear agreed interest rates.

In accordance with the contractual documentation signed for the completion of the Transaction and valid until its termination, the vehicle has recognised the following amounts, in its segregated assets, as fees for the services provided by Intesa Sanpaolo through the Administration & Tax Department, the Corporate Affairs and Advisory Department, and the Banca dei Territori Division:

-
- €27,441,669 for servicing and monitoring fees
 - €25,444 for receivable account bank fees (of which €2,722 pertaining to Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. and €2,722 pertaining to Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A.)
 - €100,000 for administrative services fees
 - €10,000 for cash management fees
 - €3,000 for account bank fees
 - €12,004 for securities depository fees
 - €500 for fees for the performance of services required by the EMIR.

The contractual documentation includes the Servicing Agreement, the Cash Allocation Management and Payment Agreement, the Administrative Services Agreement, and the Mandate Agreement (and any amendments and/or additions thereto subsequent to the finalisation of the Transaction).

The notes to the financial statements provide more information about the vehicle's cash transactions and commitments with the other group companies.

Related-party transactions

See Part D - Other information, Section 6 - Related-party transactions, for details of the related-party transactions.

Treasury quotas and/or shares or quotas and/or shares in parent companies

The vehicle does not hold, nor has it ever held in its portfolio, treasury quotas and/or shares or quotas or shares of the parent companies.

Research and development

The vehicle does not carry out research and development.

Composition of the Quota Capital

The Quota Capital, subscribed and paid in for a total of €42,038, is divided into quotas and is held as follows:

- Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. holds a nominal amount of €25,222.8, equal to 60% of the Quota Capital;
- Stichting Viridis 2 holds a nominal amount of €16,815.20, equal to 40% of the Quota Capital.

Management and coordination activities

In accordance with the provisions of article 2497 bis of the Italian Civil Code, we specify that the vehicle is subject to management and coordination by the parent company Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.

Key events of the year

On 27 March 2019, the Quotaholders' Meeting acknowledged that the term of office of the entire Board of Directors had ended due to the expiry of its mandate. As a consequence, the following were appointed as Directors for the years 2019, 2020 and 2021, and therefore up to the Quotaholders' Meeting to be called for the approval of the financial statements at 31 December 2021:

Prof. Paola Fandella, also appointed as Chairperson of the Board of Directors;
Prof. Vanessa Gemmo;
Prof. Mario Masini.

Events after the reporting date

On 20 February 2020, payments were made for loan collections from 1 October 2019 to 31 December 2019.

On 17 February 2020:

- the thirty-eighth series of covered bonds was issued, in the amount of €1,750 million, maturing on 20 August 2033, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.24%;
- the thirty-ninth series of covered bonds was issued, in the amount of €1,750 million, maturing on 20 February 2034, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.27%.

On 25 February 2020, the restructuring of several hedging derivatives was completed with the unwinding of the asset swaps of the Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. fixed-rate portfolio and the Banco di Napoli (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) fixed-rate portfolio, with value date on 27 February 2020.

Outlook

The vehicle's future operations will be aimed at the orderly continuation of the covered bond issue.

Going concern

The vehicle's Board of Directors has the reasonable expectation that the vehicle's operations will continue in a stable manner, that the collections will be in line with the performance of the portfolio, and that the vehicle will continue to operate in the future. Accordingly, the financial statements at 31 December 2019 have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Moreover, the directors confirm they did not identify any aspects of the vehicle's financial position or performance that could cast doubts on its ability to continue as a going concern. The portfolio is expected to perform in line with forecasts.

Proposal to the quotaholders to approve the financial statements and the allocation of the profit/(loss) for the year

We present the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2019 for your approval. They comprise a statement of financial position, an income statement, a statement of comprehensive income, a statement of changes in equity, a statement of cash flows, the notes to the financial statements with the related annexes, and this directors' report.

The vehicle ended the year 2019 at break-even because the operating costs were charged back to segregated assets in accordance with the contractual agreements.

Milan, 21 February 2020

on behalf of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairperson
Paola Fandella

Report of the board of statutory auditors

ISP OBG S.R.L.

Registered Office: Via Monte di Pietà, 8 - 20121 Milan
Company incorporated pursuant to Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999
Quota Capital €42,038

Registration number in the Milan Monza Brianza Lodi Company Register and Tax Code 05936010965
ABI Code 16832, Electronic Code 335083

Company subject to management and coordination by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and member of the Intesa Sanpaolo Banking Group, included in the National Register of Banking Groups

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

Distinguished Shareholders,

We would like state first of all that – in fulfilling the duties assigned to us by the current regulations, which require us to supervise compliance with the law and the articles of association; adherence to the principles of proper management; adequacy of the vehicle’s organisational structure; outsourced operations; adequacy of the internal control system; adequacy and reliability of the administrative and accounting system; the independent audit of the accounts and the independence of the auditors; and the annual financial statements and the directors’ report – we have adhered to the Rules of Conduct for the Board of Statutory Auditors issued by the National Councils for the Accounting Professions, as well as the “*Operating Guidelines for the Boards of Statutory Auditors, also acting as supervisory bodies, of the Italian subsidiaries of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group – 2018 Update*” drawn up by the Parent Company’s Management Control Committee.

The Board of Statutory Auditors has examined the draft financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 approved by the Board of Directors on 21 February 2020.

This report has been prepared by the Board of Statutory Auditors in accordance with article 153 of Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998, based on the recommendations provided by CONSOB in its Communication no. 1025564 of 6 April 2001 as amended, which are referred to specifically in the “*Operating Guidelines for the Boards of Statutory Auditors, also when acting as supervisory bodies, of the Italian subsidiaries of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group – 2018 Update*” drawn up by the Parent Company’s Management Control Committee.

Preliminary information on the legal provisions governing the preparation of the Financial Statements of ISP OBG S.r.l. at 31 December 2019.

In compliance with Legislative Decree no. 38 of 28 February 2005, the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019, which are being submitted for examination and approval by the Shareholders’ Meeting, have been prepared in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IAS) and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) applicable at 31 December 2019 issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the related interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), endorsed by the European Commission and in force at the reporting date, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1606 of 19 July 2002. The accounting policies applied to prepare these financial statements are consistent with those used for the 2018 financial statements.

In their introduction, the notes to the financial statements state that the IAS/IFRS accounting treatment for financial assets and/or groups of financial assets and financial liabilities arising from “covered bank bond issues” is still subject to further examination by the bodies responsible for interpreting the accounting standards. They then set out the accounting policies adopted in preparing the Financial Statements at 31 December 2019, noting that there were no significant impacts or exemptions from the application of the IAS/IFRS.

The financial statements comprise a statement of financial position, an income statement, a statement of comprehensive income, a statement of changes in equity, a statement of cash flows, and these notes. They

are accompanied by a directors' report which comments on the vehicle's performance, results, financial position and cash flows for the year.

The sole business purpose of the vehicle is the acquisition for consideration from banks of loans and securities, also issued through securitisations, within one or more covered bond issues in accordance with article 7-bis of Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999 and the related implementing measures. As a result, the layouts that apply to financial intermediaries have been used in these financial statements, in accordance with the guidance set out in the document "*The IFRS financial statements of intermediaries other than banking intermediaries*" issued by the Bank of Italy on 30 November 2018.

In the Directors' Report, the Board of Directors has specified that the financial statements at 31 December 2019 closed at break-even, because the operating costs were charged back to the segregated assets in accordance with the contractual agreements.

The accounting entries for the year can be summarised in the following statement of financial position figures:

ASSETS	€	305,378
LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS	€	176,175
QUOTA CAPITAL	€	42,038
RESERVES	€	87,165
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	€	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	€	305,378

This result is reflected in the income statement, which can be summarised as follows:

REVENUE	€	332,120
COSTS	€ -	331,734
INCOME TAXES	€ -	386
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	€	0

The securitised financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the notes to the financial statements in accordance with the Bank of Italy instructions issued in compliance with the IAS/IFRS, with the vehicle's own assets shown separately from the securitised assets. This treatment also complies with Law no. 130/99, according to which the loans and receivables related to individual securitisations are segregated assets, for all intents and purposes, with respect to those of the vehicle and those relating to other transactions.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Board of Statutory Auditors performed the supervision required by law and, in particular, by article 149 of the aforementioned Legislative Decree no. 58/1998. The Board of Statutory Auditors reports and notes the following.

a. Supervision of compliance with the law and the articles of association

We carried out the supervision of compliance with the law and the articles of association by:

-
- ✓ holding 5 meetings, during which we carried out checks and assessments, necessary to perform the supervision required by the regulations;
 - ✓ attending the 8 Board of Directors' meetings held during the year, through which we were able to obtain timely and appropriate information, in compliance with the provisions of article 2381, paragraph 5, of the Italian Civil Code, on the general business performance and outlook of operations, and on the most significant transactions, in terms of size or nature;
 - ✓ attending the Shareholders' Meeting held during the year;
 - ✓ meeting and consulting with the Independent Auditors appointed to audit the accounts, to exchange the data and information needed to perform our respective duties.

b. Compliance with the principles of proper management

For the aspects under our responsibility, we obtained information about and supervised compliance with the principles of proper management, through our attendance at the Board of Directors' meetings and the timely information received on the transactions carried out by the vehicle.

The information we obtained enabled us to determine that the actions approved and implemented complied with the law and the articles of association and that they were not manifestly imprudent or risky.

c. Adequacy of the organisational structure

We monitored the proper allocation of the delegated powers and the adequacy of the vehicle's organisational structure.

The Board of Statutory Auditors has acknowledged the fact that the Board of Directors of ISP OBG S.r.l., in its meeting of 28 January 2019, adopted the updated "Management and Financial Governance Guidelines", approved by the Board of Directors of the Parent Company Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. in its meeting of 20 December 2018.

The Data Governance Guidelines set out the key principles and the Data Governance model, as well as the roles and responsibilities of the units assigned to the Data Governance functions, the methods of interaction between the various functions within the Data Governance macro processes, and the procedures for guidance and coordination of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group Companies.

d. Supervision of outsourced activities

During the year, the vehicle was subject to the management and coordination of the Parent Company Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

The Directors' Report states that:

- the vehicle does not have employees and its portfolio has been managed by the servicer (Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) since 31 May 2012. Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (its administrative services provider) also provides it with administrative, accounting, corporate and tax services.
- the vehicle has current accounts with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., which currently bear agreed interest rates;
- the following costs for services provided, pursuant to the relevant contractual terms, by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. through its administrative and tax department and corporate affairs and consultancy department, and through its Banca dei Territori Division, have been recognised: servicing (€27,441,669); receivable account bank services (€25,444, of which €2,722 pertaining to Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. and €2,722 pertaining to Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A.); administrative services (€100,000); cash management services (€10,000); account bank services (€3,000); securities depository services (€12,000); and fees for EMIR settlement services (€500).

The notes to the financial statements provide information on the cash transactions and commitments with the Group Companies, and state that the vehicle has signed an administrative services agreement with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A, which provides the vehicle administrative, accounting and corporate services.

The following parties are involved in the securitisation:

-
- ✓ Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) acting as receivables account banks and servicers for the transaction solely for their securitised portfolios;
 - ✓ Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) provide IT infrastructure for the servicing, also through Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), in addition to performing the back office activities for the collections on the cover pool. As servicers, they are also responsible for ensuring that the transaction activities comply with the law and the Prospectus, in accordance with article 2.6 of Law no. 130/1999;
 - ✓ amounts collected by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), as servicers on the vehicle's behalf are paid into accounts held with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.);
 - ✓ Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. is also the account bank, cash manager and paying agent. The originators manage the liquidity between the collection and payment dates established by the relevant agreements;
 - ✓ On 3 February 2016, Crédit Agricole Corporate & Investment Bank entered the Programme in the role of relevant account bank, as an additional account bank external to the Group, which, if particular events take place (e.g., the downgrading of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. below the minimum threshold), can replace Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and the other participating banks;
 - ✓ As a result of the changes made to the servicing agreement of 29 July 2010, by the amendment agreement of 20 December 2019, at the reporting date Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (following the merger of Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services S.c.p.A. into the Parent Company on 11 January 2019) also acts as the first special servicer, and DoValue S.p.A. (formerly DoBank, following the partial demerger, on 1 January 2019, of the business unit of Italfondionario S.p.A. relating to the management, recovery and collection of loans from the loan portfolio managed by Italfondionario and assigned to Dobank, now known as DoValue) acts as the second special servicer. On 12 March 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. signed a sub-servicing agreement with Intrum Italy S.p.A., through which it delegated the management of bad loans with effect from 2 December 2018 (except for the management of the Excluded Loans managed directly by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.);
 - ✓ Following enactment of the EMIR, which imposes specific regulatory obligations on parties to OTC derivative contracts, in February 2014, Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services S.c.p.A. (now Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and each originator were entrusted with the performance of certain of the activities imposed by such regulation as representatives of the vehicle (specifically, Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services S.c.p.A. – now Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. – is responsible for reconciling the portfolios and managing disputes while each originator is in charge of reporting);
 - ✓ Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. is also the paying agent for the covered bonds;
 - ✓ Finanziaria Internazionale Securitisation Group (now FISG S.r.l.) is the bondholder representative;
 - ✓ Securitisation Services S.p.A. is the calculation agent;
 - ✓ Deutsche Bank Luxembourg S.A. is the Luxembourg listing agent;
 - ✓ Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. is the asset monitor;

-
- ✓ Banca IMI S.p.A. and Barclays Capital assisted Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. to structure the transaction as arrangers of the Programme.

The Board of Statutory Auditors has acknowledged that, on 22 July 2014, the Parent Company, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., issued the “Group Guidelines on the Governance of the Most Significant Transactions”, in accordance with the provisions of Bank of Italy Circular no. 285 of 17 December 2013. We also note that, at its meeting of 13 June 2019, the Board of Directors of ISP OBG S.r.l. adopted the updated “Group Guidelines on the Governance of the Most Significant Transactions (MST)”, approved by the Board of Directors of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The aim of this update was to achieve more comprehensive control of risk by strengthening the role of the Control Functions and the approval processes for products, markets, services and major lending transactions.

e. Supervision of the adequacy of the internal control system

In performing its guidance, management and coordination activities, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., as the Parent Company, is required to fulfil the regulatory obligations imposed on it as a listed company or aimed at ensuring the Group’s stability. To this end, it has issued directives over time, in implementation of the instructions given by the Supervisory Authorities, that the subsidiaries are required to comply with. The Board of Statutory Auditors acknowledges in this regard that the Board of Directors of ISP OBG S.r.l. has adopted the following:

- In its meeting of 28 January 2019:
 - the Guidelines for the preparation of the Consolidated Non-Financial Statement in accordance with Legislative Decree no. 254/2016;
 - the annual update of the Fair Value Policy and Prudent Valuation Policy;
 - the update of the Data Governance Guidelines.
- ✓ in its meeting of 21 February 2019:
 - the Guidelines for the Development, Adoption, Monitoring and Change of Internal Risk Measurement Systems;
 - the Guidelines on Remuneration, Incentives and Identification of Staff that have a Material Impact on the Risk Profile of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group;
 - the governance documentation for the Originate to Share Project: publication of the Originate to Share Operating Guidelines, the Rules for the Hold to Collect and Sell (HTCS) Sign-Off Committee, and the update of the Market Risk Charter;
 - the update of the Guidelines for the Group Banking Book Rate Risk.
- In its meeting of 6 May 2019:
 - the Guidelines for the Valuation of Balance Sheet Items;
 - the update of the Guidelines for the Governance of the Preparation and Implementation Processes of the Recovery Plans;
 - the Guidelines for the Governance of the Contribution and Crisis Management Processes under the Recovery Plan;
 - the update of the Guidelines for the Group Liquidity Risk;
 - the update of the Group Safety Principles and Business Continuity Guidelines;
 - the Group Compliance Guidelines – Update of regulatory areas.
- In its meeting of 13 June 2019:
 - the update of the Policies of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group regarding Equity Investments in Non-Financial Companies;
 - the update of the Group Guidelines on the Governance of the Most Significant Transactions (MST);
- In its meeting of 23 July 2019:
 - the Group Risk Appetite Framework Guidelines;
 - the Group Guidelines for the Planning Process;

-
- o the Guidelines for the preparation of the ICAAP and ILAAP Package.

f. Supervision of the adequacy of the administrative and accounting system

For the aspects under its responsibility, the Board of Statutory Auditors has assessed the reliability of the administrative and accounting system in correctly recording and presenting operational events, by obtaining information from the heads of the various departments and through meetings with the Independent Auditors. As already mentioned, the vehicle has no employees and the administrative, accounting, corporate and tax functions are assigned to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

The Board of Statutory Auditors acknowledges that, following the introduction by Law 232/2016 of the new Title V-bis in Presidential Decree no. 633/72 (articles 70-bis to 70-duodecies), the vehicle – as duly approved by the Board of Directors on 24 September 2018 – subscribed to the Intesa Sanpaolo VAT Group on 24 October 2018, by selecting the declaration option provided in the specific website set up by the Italian Revenue Agency. As a result, with effect from 1 January 2019, the vehicle suspended its VAT number and adopted the VAT number 11991500015 of the Intesa Sanpaolo VAT Group, accepting the “Group VAT Rules”.

g. Supervision of the independent audit of the accounts and the independence of the auditors

The Board of Statutory Auditors met and consulted periodically with the independent auditors KPMG S.p.A., which provided reports containing summaries of the periodic checks conducted to ensure that the company accounts are properly kept in accordance with article 14, paragraph 1, letter b) of Legislative Decree no. 39/2010.

The Board of Statutory Auditors has monitored the independence of the Independent Auditors and has no remarks to make in this regard.

h. Supervision of the financial statements and the directors’ report

The Board of Statutory Auditors is responsible for overseeing compliance with the law and the articles of association, without duplicating the work of the independent auditors, and is required to ensure compliance with the procedural rules for preparation, filing and publication.

We have performed our duty of monitoring the general layout of the financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the legally-established formats and comply with the applicable regulations.

In our opinion, the directors’ report is consistent with the information provided in the financial statements.

i. Report of the Independent Auditors pursuant to article 156 and article 165 of Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24/2/1998

On 10 March 2020, the Independent Auditors KPMG S.p.A. issued the “Report of the Independent Auditors in accordance with article 14 of Legislative Decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010” in which: (i) it expressed an unqualified positive opinion on the financial statements at 31 December 2019; (ii) it expressed a positive opinion on the consistency of the Directors’ Report with those financial statements and on the compliance of the Report with the legal requirements; and (iii) it stated – in the declaration issued in accordance with article 14, paragraph 2, letter e) of Legislative Decree no.39/2010, based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its situation acquired during the course of the independent audit – that it had not identified any material errors.

l. Going concern

The Board of Statutory Auditors notes that the financial statements at 31 December 2019 have been prepared on a going concern basis. In their Report of 10 March 2020, the Independent Auditors KPMG S.p.A. confirmed that they had reached the conclusion that the Directors’ use of the going concern assumption was appropriate and (ii) that they had not identified any significant uncertainties regarding the vehicle’s ability to continue operating as a going concern.

m. Specific information provided according the format set out in CONSOB Communication no. 1025564 of 6 April 2001

Below is the specific information provided according to the format set out in the abovementioned CONSOB Communication no. 1025564.

m.1. Most significant financial transactions

The financial statements and the directors' report provide a detailed description of the transactions carried out by the vehicle. The Board of Statutory Auditors has acquired sufficient information on these transactions to determine their compliance with the law, the articles of association and the principles of proper management. None of these transactions have any features that warrant any specific observations or remarks.

m.2. Atypical and/or unusual transactions, including intragroup transactions or related-party transactions

m.2.1. Atypical and/or unusual related-party transactions:

Nothing to report.

m.2.2. Atypical and/or unusual third-party or intragroup transactions:

Nothing to report.

m.2.3 Intragroup transactions and related-party transactions:

See the information already provided by the Board of Statutory Auditors in point d. above.

m.3. Adequacy of the information provided, in the directors' report, on atypical and/or unusual transactions, including intragroup or related-party transactions

This information is sufficient in the directors' report and in the notes to the financial statements.

m.4. Comments and proposals on the remarks and emphases of matters in the Independent Auditors' report

The Board has no comments or proposals to make regarding the content of the audit report issued by the Independent Auditors KPMG S.p.A. on 10 March 2020.

m.5. Complaints pursuant to article 2408 of the Italian Civil Code

The Board of Statutory Auditors did not receive any complaints pursuant to article 2408 of the Italian Civil Code

m.6. Any claims submitted

No claims were submitted.

m.7. Award of additional assignments to the independent auditors

Details are provided below of the assignments awarded to KPMG S.p.A. with the amount of the agreed fees reported in the notes to the financial statements:

Service	Service provider	Fees
Audit	KPMG S.p.A.	210,855
Other services: – agreed-upon procedures on collection report	KPMG S.p.A.	235,480

m.8. Award of additional assignments to entities connected to the Independent Auditors

No additional assignments have been awarded to entities connected to the Independent Auditors KPMG S.p.A..

m.9. Opinions issued pursuant to law by the Independent Auditors

None.

m.10. Frequency and number of meetings of the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee and the Board of Statutory Auditors

See the information already provided by the Board of Statutory Auditors in point a. above.

m.11. Comments on compliance with the principles of correct management

See the information already provided by the Board of Statutory Auditors in point b. above.

m.12. Observations on the adequacy of the organisational structure

See the information already provided by the Board of Statutory Auditors in point c. above.

m.13. Adequacy of the internal control system

See the information already provided by the Board of Statutory Auditors in point e. above.

m.14. Observations on the adequacy of the administrative and accounting system and its reliability in correctly representing the affairs of the company

See the information already provided by the Board of Statutory Auditors in point f. above.

m.15. Adequacy of the instructions given by the Company to the subsidiaries pursuant to article 114, paragraph 2, of Legislative Decree no. 58/1998

ISP OBG S.r.l. does not have any subsidiaries.

m.16. Any significant matters related to the meetings held with the Independent Auditors pursuant to article 150, paragraph 2, of Legislative Decree no. 58/1998

No significant aspects to be reported emerged from the meetings held by the Board of Statutory Auditors with the Independent Auditors to exchange information pursuant to article 150, paragraph 2, of Legislative Decree 58/1998.

m.17. Adoption of the Corporate Governance Code for listed companies

The Parent Company, Intesa Sanpaolo, has adopted the Corporate Governance Code for listed companies, issued by Borsa Italiana S.p.A., as last updated in July 2018, available on the Corporate Governance Committee website (on page www.borsaitaliana.it/comitato-corporate-governance/homepage/homepage.htm).

On 23 February 2018, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company approved the annual report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures, the text of which is available on the company's website group.intesasanpaolo.com in the "Governance" section and in the eMarket Storage authorised storage mechanism.

m.18. Concluding remarks on the supervision carried out

During the supervision carried out, as described above, no significant facts emerged that required reporting to the Supervisory Authorities or mention in this report.

m.19. Board of Statutory Auditors' Proposals to the Shareholders' Meeting

In view of the above, the Board of Statutory Auditors, for the aspects under its responsibility, has not identified any reasons preventing the approval of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Milan, 10 March 2020

The Board of Statutory Auditors
signed by Giuseppe Dalla Costa (Chairperson)

signed by Nicola Bruni (Standing Statutory Auditor)
signed by Eugenio Braja (Standing Statutory Auditor)

Report of the independent auditors

Financial statements

Statement of financial position

(amounts in Euros)

Assets	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
10. Cash and cash equivalents	-	-
20. Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-
a) financial assets held for trading	-	-
b) financial assets at fair value	-	-
c) other financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value	-	-
30. Financial assets at FVOCI	-	-
40. Financial assets at amortised cost	212,192	271,875
a) loans and receivables with banks	212,192	271,875
b) loans and receivables with financial companies	-	-
c) loans and receivables with customers	-	-
50. Hedging derivatives	-	-
60. Fair value change of financial assets in hedge accounting (+/-)	-	-
70. Equity investments	-	-
80. Property, equipment and investment property	-	-
90. Intangible assets	-	-
- goodwill	-	-
100. Tax assets:	8,374	8,206
a) current	344	1
b) deferred	8,030	8,205
110. Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups	-	-
120. Other assets	84,812	78,960
TOTAL ASSETS	305,378	359,041

on behalf of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairperson
Paola Fandella

Statement of financial position

(importi in unità di Euro)

	Liabilities and equity	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
10.	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	-	-
	a) financial liabilities	-	-
	b) securities issued	-	-
20.	Financial liabilities held for trading	-	-
30.	Financial liabilities at fair value	-	-
40.	Hedging derivatives	-	-
50.	Fair value change of financial liabilities in hedge accounting (+/-)	-	-
60.	Tax liabilities:	-	561
	a) current	-	561
	b) deferred	-	-
70.	Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	-	-
80.	Other liabilities	176,175	229,277
90.	Post-employment benefits	-	-
100.	Provisions for risks and charges:	-	-
	a) commitments and guarantees given	-	-
	b) pension and similar obligations	-	-
	c) other provisions for risks and charges	-	-
110.	Quota capital	42,038	42,038
120.	Treasury quotas (-)	-	-
130.	Equity instruments	-	-
140.	Quota premium	-	-
150.	Reserves	87,165	85,489
160.	Valuation reserves	-	-
170.	Profit for the year	-	1,676
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	305,378	359,041

on behalf of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairperson
Paola Fandella

Income statement

(amounts in Euros)

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
10. Interest and similar income	4	4
of which: interest income calculated using the effective interest method	4	4
20. Interest and similar expense	-	-
30. NET INTEREST INCOME	4	4
40. Fee and commission income	-	-
50. Fee and commission expense	-	-
60. NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME	-	-
70. Dividends and similar income	-	-
80. Net trading income (expense)	-	-
90. Net hedging income (expense)	-	-
100. Net profit (loss) on sale or repurchase of:		
a) financial assets at amortised cost	-	-
b) financial assets at FVOCI	-	-
c) financial liabilities	-	-
110. Net gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL		
a) financial assets and liabilities at fair value	-	-
b) other financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value	-	-
120. TOTAL INCOME	4	4
130. Net impairment losses/gains for credit risk on:		
a) financial assets at amortised cost	-	-
b) financial assets at FVOCI	-	-
140. Modification gains/losses	-	-
150. NET FINANCIAL INCOME	4	4
160. Administrative expenses:		
a) personnel expense	-331,734	-348,752
b) other administrative expenses	-31,347	-32,474
	-300,387	-316,278
170. Net accruals to provisions for risks and charges	-	-
a) commitments and guarantees given	-	-
b) other net accruals	-	-
180. Depreciation and net impairment losses/reversals of impairment losses on property, equipment and investment property	-	-
190. Amortisation and net impairment losses/reversals of impairment losses on intangible assets	-	-
200. Other net operating income	332,116	354,332
210. OPERATING COSTS	382	5,580
220. Gains (losses) on equity investments	-	-
230. Fair value gains (losses) on property, equipment and investment property and intangible assets	-	-
240. Impairment losses on goodwill	-	-
250. Gains (losses) on sales of investments	-	-
260. PRE-TAX PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	386	5,584
270. Income taxes	-386	-3,908
280. POST-TAX PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	-	1,676
290. Post-tax profit (loss) from discontinued operations	-	-
300. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	-	1,676

on behalf of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairperson
Paola Fandella

Statement of comprehensive income

(amounts in Euros)

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
10. Profit for the year	-	1,676
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
20. Equity instruments at FVOCI	-	-
30. Financial liabilities at FVTPL (change in credit rating)	-	-
40. Hedges of equity instruments at FVOCI	-	-
50. Property, equipment and investment property	-	-
60. Intangible assets	-	-
70. Defined benefit plans	-	-
80. Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups	-	-
90. Portion of valuation reserves of equity-accounted investees	-	-
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, that will be reclassified to profit or loss		
100. Hedges of investments in foreign operations	-	-
110. Exchange rate gains (losses)	-	-
120. Cash flow hedges	-	-
130. Hedging instruments (elements not designated)	-	-
140. Financial assets (other than equity instruments) at FVOCI	-	-
150. Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups	-	-
160. Portion of valuation reserves of equity-accounted investees	-	-
170. Total other comprehensive income	-	-
180. Comprehensive income (captions 10+170)		1,676

on behalf of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairperson
Paola Fandella

Statement of changes in equity

31 December 2019

(amounts in Euros)

	Quota capital			Reserves		Valuation reserves	Equity instruments	Treasury quotas	Profit for the year	Equity
	quotas	savings quotas	Quota premium	income-related	other					
BALANCE AT 1/1/2019	42,038			85,489					1,676	129,203
ALLOCATION OF PRIOR YEAR PROFIT										
Reserves				1,676					-1,676	-
Dividends and other distributions										-
CHANGES OF THE YEAR										
Changes in reserves										-
Equity transactions										-
Issue of new quotas										-
Other changes										-
Comprehensive income									-	-
EQUITY AT 31/12/2019	42,038	-	-	87,165	-	-	-	-	-	129,203

31 December 2018

(amounts in Euros)

	Quota capital			Reserves		Valuation reserves	Equity instruments	Treasury quotas	Profit for the year	Equity
	quotas	savings quotas	Quota premium	income-related	other					
BALANCE AT 1/1/2018	42,038			84,333					1,156	127,527
ALLOCATION OF PRIOR YEAR PROFIT										
Reserves				1,156					-1,156	-
Dividends and other distributions										-
CHANGES OF THE YEAR										
Changes in reserves										-
Equity transactions										-
Issue of new quotas										-
Other changes										-
Comprehensive income									1,676	1,676
EQUITY AT 31/12/2018	42,038	-	-	85,489	-	-	-	-	1,676	129,203

on behalf of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairperson
Paola Fandella

Statement of cash flows

(amounts in Euros)

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
A. OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
1. Operations	-	1,676
- interest income collected (+)	4	4
- interest expense paid (-)	-	-
- dividends and similar income (+)	-	-
- net fee and commission income (+)	-	-
- personnel expense (-)	-31,347	-32,474
- other costs (-)	-300,387	-316,278
- other revenue (+)	332,116	354,332
- taxes and duties (-)	-386	-3,908
- costs/revenue related to disposal groups net of the tax effect (+/-)	-	-
2. Cash flows generated by/used for financial assets	-6,020	-20,098
- financial assets held for trading	-	-
- financial assets at fair value	-	-
- financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value	-	-
- financial assets at FVOCI	-	-
- financial assets at amortised cost	-	-
- other assets	-6,020	-20,098
3. Cash flows generated by/used for financial liabilities	-53,663	87,182
- financial liabilities at amortised cost	-	-
- financial liabilities held for trading	-	-
- financial liabilities at fair value	-	-
- other liabilities	-53,663	87,182
Net cash flows generated by/used in operating activities	-59,683	68,760
B. INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
1. Cash flows generated by:	-	-
- sales of equity investments	-	-
- dividends from equity investments	-	-
- sales of property, equipment and investment property	-	-
- sales of intangible assets	-	-
- sales of business units	-	-
2. Cash flows used to acquire:	-	-
- equity investments	-	-
- property, equipment and investment property	-	-
- intangible assets	-	-
- business units	-	-
Net cash flows generated by/used in investing activities	-	-
C. FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
- issue/repurchase of treasury quotas	-	-
- issue/purchase of equity instruments	-	-
- dividends and other distributions	-	-
Net cash flows generated by/used in financing activities	-	-
NET CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR	-59,683	68,760
RECONCILIATION		
Opening cash and cash equivalents	271,875	203,115
Net cash flows for the year	-59,683	68,760
Closing cash and cash equivalents	212,192	271,875

on behalf of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairperson
Paola Fandella

Notes to the financial statements

PART A - ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A.1 - GENERAL PART

SECTION 1 - Statement of compliance with the IFRS

In compliance with Legislative Decree no. 38 of 28 February 2005, the vehicle has prepared its financial statements in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IAS) and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) applicable at 31 December 2019 issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the related interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), endorsed by the European Commission and in force at the reporting date, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1606 of 19 July 2002.

SECTION 2 - Basis of presentation

As required by the Bank of Italy instructions issued in compliance with the IAS/IFRS, these notes present disclosures concerning the vehicle's own assets and the securitised assets separately. This treatment also complies with Law no. 130/99, according to which the loans and receivables related to individual transactions are assets segregated to all intents and purposes from those of the vehicle and those relating to other transactions.

For purpose of full disclosure, we note that the IAS/IFRS accounting treatment to be applied to financial assets and/or groups of financial assets and financial liabilities arising from "covered bank bond issues" is still subject to further examination by the bodies responsible for interpreting the accounting standards.

The financial statements comprise a statement of financial position, an income statement, a statement of comprehensive income, a statement of changes in equity, a statement of cash flows, and these notes. They are accompanied by a directors' report which comments on the vehicle's performance, results, financial position and cash flows for the year.

As required by the current regulations, the vehicle has prepared the financial statements using the Euro as its functional currency and on the basis that vehicle is a going concern.

The amounts in the financial statements, these notes and the directors' report are presented in Euros.

The financial statements are prepared with the application of the general principles set out by IAS 1 and the specific financial reporting standards endorsed by the European Commission and described in Part A.2 of these Notes to the financial statements, as well as in compliance with the general assumptions set forth by the Conceptual Framework for the preparation and presentation of Financial Statements issued by the IASB. No departures from the IFRS have been made.

The financial statements and the tables in the notes include the corresponding prior year figures. In this regard, some small reclassification adjustments have been made to some statement of financial position captions at 31 December 2018 to ensure that the figures shown at 31 December 2019 are consistent. Specifically, as explained in more detail in the notes, these reclassifications involved current tax liabilities and other liabilities.

Pursuant to the provisions of Legislative decree no. 38 of 28 February 2005, the company opted to prepare its financial statements in accordance with the IFRS, as it is included in the consolidation scope of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

To give priority to substance over form, and in view of the fact that IAS 1 does not establish rigid formats, the layouts that apply to financial intermediaries have been used in these financial statements, in accordance with the guidance provided in the document "The IFRS financial statements of intermediaries other than banking intermediaries" issued by the Bank of Italy on 30 November 2018.

The accounting policies applied to prepare these financial statements are consistent with those used for the 2018 financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. See the relevant section of the Directors' Report for more details.

SECTION 3 - Events after the reporting date

Reference should be made to the "Events after the reporting date" and "Outlook" sections of the directors' report.

SECTION 4 - Other aspects

KPMG S.p.A. performs the statutory audit of the vehicle's financial statements.

As duly approved by the Board of Directors on 24 September 2018, the vehicle subscribed to the Intesa Sanpaolo VAT Group on 24 October 2018, by selecting the declaration option provided in the specific website set up by the Italian Revenue Agency. As a result, with effect from 1 January 2019, the vehicle suspended its VAT number and adopted the VAT number 11991500015 of the Intesa Sanpaolo VAT Group, accepting the “Group VAT Rules”.

On 1 January 2019, the new IFRS 16 (Leases) entered into force. The changes introduced by this standard have not had any effect on the vehicle’s statement of financial position and income statement figures. Details are provided below of the IAS-IFRS and the related SIC-IFRIC interpretations published by the IASB and endorsed by the European Commission at the reporting date of these financial statements:

Document name	Date of issue	Effective date	Endorsement date	EU Regulation and date of issue
Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards	March 2018	1 January 2020	29 December 2019	(EU) 2019/2075 6 December 2019
Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8)	October 2018	1 January 2020	29 December 2019	(EU) 2019/2014 10 December 2019
Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7)	September 2019	1 January 2020	15 January 2020	(EU) 2020/34 16 January 2020

A.2 - ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This section sets out the accounting policies adopted in preparing the financial statements at 31 December 2019, solely for the statement of financial position and income statement captions presented in the financial statements. The recognition, measurement and derecognition criteria are given for each asset and liability caption.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost: loans and receivables with banks

A financial asset is classified as a financial asset measured at amortised cost when:

- the objective of its business model is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (hold to collect);
- the related cash flows represent only the payment of principal and interest.

This caption includes loans and receivables with banks arising from the vehicle’s cash and cash equivalents, which consist solely of the current accounts held with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

Loans and receivables are initially recognised at their fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. This method does not apply to loans and receivables whose current nature makes the effect of discounting negligible. These loans and receivables are measured at historical cost.

Loans and receivables are tested for impairment at each reporting date to check whether there is objective evidence of an impairment loss due to events that have taken place since their initial recognition.

With regard to impairment, the standard requires that the estimate of impairment losses on loans and receivables be carried out based on the expected losses model using supportable information, available without undue cost or effort that includes historical, current or forward-looking data. The standard requires that this impairment model be applied to all financial instruments (financial assets measured at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income, receivables from rental contracts, and trade receivables).

In this respect, despite the significant changes from IAS 39 concerning the treatment of financial instruments, following the introduction of IFRS 9, the impact on the vehicle's loans and receivables was not deemed significant, due to the low level of counterparty risk and the on-demand nature of the specific instruments. They are derecognised when the contractual rights to their cash flows expire or when they are transferred.

Other assets

This caption comprises all the loans and receivables captions not attributable to other financial statement captions and mainly relates to the vehicle's receivables due from the segregated assets for the reimbursement of company expenses. Those captions are stated at nominal value, which corresponds to their estimated realisable value.

Other liabilities

Financial and other liabilities are recognised at fair value, increased by any transaction costs/income. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Current liabilities and other liabilities are an exception when the time value of money is negligible. They are maintained at their original amount and any related costs are taken to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the contractual term of the liability. Financial and other liabilities are derecognised when they are settled. The other liabilities recognised in these financial statements are all current and, moreover, relate to the vehicle's normal operations.

Tax assets and liabilities

Current and deferred taxes are recognised using ruling rates.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss.

They are calculated using a prudent estimate of the current tax expense, deferred tax assets and liabilities. Specifically, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined on temporary differences (without time limits) between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised when their recovery is certain, depending on the vehicle's ability to continuously generate taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position without offsetting as Tax assets and Tax liabilities, respectively.

Recognition of costs and revenue

Costs and revenue are recognised on an accruals basis.

In view of the exclusive nature of the operations carried out by the vehicle, the operating costs are charged to the segregated assets, up to the amount necessary to ensure the vehicle's financial stability, as also provided for by the Intercreditor Agreement and reported in the Prospectus for each securitisation carried out. This amount is classified under "Other operating income and expenses" and is the main revenue caption in the vehicle's financial statements.

Other information

The vehicle does not hold and has never held treasury quotas.

The vehicle does not hold and has never held quotas or shares of its parents.

A.3 – DISCLOSURE ON TRANSFERS BETWEEN FINANCIAL ASSET PORTFOLIOS

In accordance with the disclosure required by IFRS 7, we note that no financial assets were reclassified between the various portfolios.

A.4 - DISCLOSURE ON FAIR VALUE

A.4.5.4 - Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value or measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis: breakdown by fair value level

Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value or measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis	31/12/2019				31/12/2018			
	CA	L1	L2	L3	CA	L1	L2	L3
1. Financial assets at amortised cost	212,192	-	212,192	-	271,875	-	271,875	-
2. Investment property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	212,192	-	212,192	-	271,875	-	271,875	-
1. Financial liabilities at amortised cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CA=Carrying amount

L1= Level 1

L2= Level 2

L3= Level 3

The vehicle has loans and receivables due from the Parent Company, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., comprised of cash and cash equivalents and amounts payable on demand amounting to €212,192, classified at level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Considering the characteristics of such financial assets and the counterparty's standing, the nominal amount of such loans and receivables is assumed to be the best estimate of their fair value.

A.5 Information on day one profit/loss

There is no information to be provided on the day one profit/loss, because the vehicle did not use any financial instruments during 2019 in its ordinary operations.

The information relating to Part B, Part C and Part D of the Notes to the Financial Statements is provided below. It does not include information regarding circumstances that do not concern the financial statements or tables relating to accounting captions that are not present.

PART B - NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

ASSETS

Section 4 - Financial assets at amortised cost - Caption 40

4.1 “Financial assets measured at amortised cost: breakdown of loans and receivables with banks”

	31/12/2019						31/12/2018					
	Carrying amount			Fair value			Carrying amount			Fair value		
	First and second stages	third stage	of which: purchased or originated credit-impaired	L1	L2	L3	First and second stages	third stage	of which: purchased or originated credit-impaired	L1	L2	L3
1. Deposits and current accounts: - held with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.	212,192	-	-	-	212,192	-	271,875	-	-	-	271,875	-
2. Financing												
2.1 Reverse repurchase agreements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 Finance leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 Factoring												
- with recourse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- without recourse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4 Other loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Debt instruments												
3.1 structured securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A2 other debt instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	212,192	-	-	-	212,192	-	271,875	-	-	-	271,875	-
L1= Level 1												
L2= Level 2												
L3= Level 3												

Section 10 - Tax assets and liabilities - Asset caption 100 and liability caption 60

10.1 Caption 100 “Tax assets: current and deferred”

Current tax assets: breakdown	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Withholdings on bank interest	1	1
IRAP payments on account and assets	343	-
Total	344	1

Deferred tax assets: breakdown	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Receivables for IRES deferred tax assets	8,030	8,205
Receivables for IRAP deferred tax assets	-	-
Total	8,030	8,205

10.2 Caption 60 “Tax liabilities: current and deferred”

Current and deferred tax liabilities: breakdown	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
- Current taxes	-	561
IREs liabilities	-	-
IRAP liabilities	-	561
Total	-	561

The figure for 31 December 2018 includes €2,260 relating to the tax payables for withholding taxes due, which has been reclassified to this caption from the liability caption 80 “Other liabilities”, to offset income taxes.

10.3 Changes in deferred tax assets (recognised in profit or loss)

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
1. Opening balance	8,205	11,551
2. Increases	-	408
2.1 Deferred tax assets recognised in the year	-	408
(a) related to previous years	-	-
(b) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
(c) reversals of impairment losses	-	-
(d) other	-	408
2.2 New taxes or increases in tax rates		
2.3 Other increases		
3. Decreases	175	3,754
3.1 Deferred tax assets derecognised in the year	175	2,284
(a) reversals	175	2,284
(b) impairment losses due to non-recoverability	-	-
(c) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
(d) other	-	-
3.2 Decrease in tax rates	-	1,470
3.3 Other decreases	-	-
(a) conversion into tax assets, including as per Law no. 214/2011	-	-
(b) other	-	-
4. Closing balance	8,030	8,205

Deferred tax assets arising on carryforward tax losses without time limits amount to € 3,028.

Section 12 - Other assets - Caption 120

12.1 Caption 120 "Other assets"

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Other:		
- receivables from the securitised assets	83,796	78,960
- receivables to the Parent for VAT advance	1,016	-
Total	84,812	78,960

LIABILITIES

Section 6 - Tax liabilities - Caption 60

Reference should be made to section 10 of the Assets for information about tax liabilities.

Section 8 - Other liabilities - Caption 80

8.1 Caption 80 "Other liabilities"

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Statutory auditors' fees	14,126	6,850
Suppliers and beneficiaries	161,045	222,422
IRPEF tax for self-employed workers	997	-
INAIL (accident at work insurance)	2	-
Securitized assets for interest	5	5
Total	176,175	229,277

The figure for 31 December 2018 includes €2,260 relating to the tax payables for withholding taxes due, which has been reclassified to this caption from the liability caption 60.a) "Current tax liabilities", to offset income taxes.

Section 11 - Equity - Captions 110 and 150

11.1 Caption 110 "Quota capital"

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
1. Quota capital		
1.1 Ordinary quotas	-	-
1.2 Quotas	42,038	42,038
Total	42,038	42,038

The Quota Capital, subscribed and paid in for a total of €42,038, is divided into quotas and is held as follows:

- Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. holds a nominal amount of €25,222.8, equal to 60% of the Quota Capital;
- Stichting Viridis 2 holds a nominal amount of €16,815.20, equal to 40% of the Quota Capital.

11.5 Other information - Breakdown of and changes in caption 150 "Reserves"

	Legal reserve	Losses carried forward	Other Extraordinary	Total
A. Opening balance 01/01/19	4,389	-	81,100	85,489
B. Increases				
B.1 Allocation of profits	84	-	1,592	1,676
B.2 Other increases	-	-	-	-
Total Increases	84	-	1,592	1,676
C. Decreases				
C.1 Utilisation	-	-	-	-
- to cover losses	-	-	-	-
- for dividend distribution	-	-	-	-
- for conversion into capital	-	-	-	-
C.2 Other decreases	-	-	-	-
D. Closing balance	4,473	-	82,692	87,165

Other information

1. Commitments and financial guarantees given

There are no commitments and financial guarantees given.

2. Other commitments and other guarantees given

There are no other commitments and guarantees given.

Part C - NOTES TO THE INCOME STATEMENT

Section 1 - Interest - Caption 10

1.1 Caption 10 “Interest and similar income”

	Debt instruments	Loans	Other transactions	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
1. Financial assets at FVTPL:					
1.1. Financial assets held for trading	-	-	-	-	-
1.2. Financial assets at fair value	-	-	-	-	-
1.3. Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	-
2. Financial assets at FVOCI	-	-	X	-	-
3. Financial assets at amortised cost:					
3.1 Loans and receivables with banks Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.	-	4	X	4	4
3.2 Loans and receivables with financial companies	-	-	X	-	-
3.3 Loans and receivables with customers	-	-	X	-	-
4. Hedging derivatives	X	X	-	-	-
5. Other assets	X	X	-	-	-
6. Financial liabilities	X	X	X	-	-
Total	-	4	-	4	4

of which: interest income on impaired financial assets

of which: interest income on leases

Section 10 - Administrative expenses - Caption 160

10.1 Caption 160.a “Personnel expense”

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
1. Employees	-	-
a) wages and salaries	-	-
b) social security charges	-	-
c) termination benefits	-	-
d) pension costs	-	-
e) accrual for post-employment benefits	-	-
f) accrual for pension and similar provisions:		
- defined contribution plans	-	-
- defined benefit plans	-	-
g) payments to external supplementary pension funds:		
- defined contribution plans	-	-
- defined benefit plans	-	-
h) other benefits	-	-
2. Other personnel	-	-
3. Directors and statutory auditors	31,347	32,474
4. Retired personnel	-	-
5. Cost recoveries for personnel seconded to other companies	-	-
6. Cost reimbursements for personnel seconded to the vehicle	-	-
Total	31,347	32,474

10.2 Average number of employees by category

The vehicle does not have any employees.

10.3 Caption 160.b “Other administrative expenses”

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Consultancy	6,052	6,286
Audit fees	287,519	300,127
Notary fees	2,516	4,531
Other taxes and duties	710	461
Reimbursement of costs incurred by corporate bodies	3,169	4,787
Other	421	86
Total	300,387	316,278

Section 14 - Other net operating income - Caption 200

14.2 Caption 200 “Other net operating income”

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Contractually provided-for income	332,116	354,332
Total	332,116	354,332

The income reported above relates entirely to chargeback to the securitisation of all the operating costs incurred, which are charged to the segregated assets, up to the amount necessary to ensure the vehicle's financial stability, as also provided for by the Intercreditor Agreement and reported in the Prospectus for each securitisation carried out.

Section 19 - Income taxes - Caption 270

19.1 Caption 270 “Income taxes”

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
1. Current taxes (-)	214	561
2. Change in current taxes from previous years (+/-)	-3	1
3. Decrease in current taxes for the year (+)	-	-
3.bis Decrease in current taxes for the year due to tax assets as per Law no. 214/2011 (+)	-	-
4. Change in deferred tax assets (+/-)	175	3,346
5. Change in deferred tax liabilities (+/-)	-	-
6. Tax expense for the year (-) (-1+/-2+3+ 3 bis+/-4+/-5)	386	3,908

Current taxes for the year consist entirely of IRAP (business tax).

19.2 Reconciliation between the theoretical and effective tax expense for the year

	31/12/2019
Pre-tax profit from continuing operations	386
Pre-tax profit (loss) from discontinued operations	-
Theoretical taxable profit	386
Income taxes	
Income taxes - theoretical tax expense	108
Increases	774
Higher effective tax rate and higher tax base for IRAP purposes	-
Non-deductible costs (contingent liabilities, directors' fees, contractors IRAP, etc.)	599
Other - prior year	175
Decreases	-496
Untaxed gains on equity investments	-
Dividend exempt amount	-
Income subject to reduced rate	-
Other (taxable base reduction as per Article 11 of Legislative Decree 446/1997, ACE subsidy, etc.)	-496
Total changes	278
Effective tax expense for the year	386

Part D - OTHER DISCLOSURES

Section 1 - Operations

D. GUARANTEES AND COMMITMENTS

At the reporting date, the vehicle has not given guarantees to third parties nor does it have commitments other than those specifically provided for and regulated by the contracts for the covered bond transactions and the segregated assets.

Transactions	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
1. First demand financial guarantees issued		
a) Banks	-	-
b) Financial institutions	-	-
c) Customers	-	-
2. Other financial guarantees issued		
a) Banks	-	-
b) Financial institutions	-	-
c) Customers	-	-
3. Commercial guarantees issued		
a) Banks	-	-
b) Financial institutions	-	-
c) Customers	-	-
4. Irrevocable commitments to disburse funds		
a) Banks		
i) certain use	-	-
ii) uncertain use	-	-
b) Financial institutions		
i) certain use	-	-
ii) uncertain use	-	-
c) Customers		
i) certain use	-	-
ii) uncertain use	-	-
5. Commitments underlying credit derivatives: protection sales	-	-
6. Assets pledged as collateral for third-party commitments	-	-
7. Other irrevocable commitments	-	-
a) to issue guarantees	-	-
b) other	45,667,566,445	38,065,191,868
Total	45,667,566,445	38,065,191,868

The table shows all the securitised assets related to the segregated assets which all guarantee the Covered Bond Programme of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

H. COVERED BONDS

Basis of presentation and accounting policies used to prepare the Summary of the securitised assets

The structure and layout used for the Summary are those applicable to financial intermediaries, as per the guidance set out in the “The IFRS financial statements of intermediaries other than banking intermediaries” issued by the Bank of Italy on 30 November 2018.

The accounting policies for the most significant captions are set out below.

Securitised assets - Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are recognised at their residual value at the securitisation date, net of collections received up to the reporting date and any adjustments calculated to determine the estimated realisable value, according to the valuation method used by the servicer Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

Investment of liquidity - Loans and receivables with banks

They are recognised at their nominal amount, which is the same as their estimated realisable value.

Subordinated loans

They are recognised at their nominal amount.

Other assets - Other liabilities - Prepayments and accrued income, deferred income and accrued expenses

They are recognised on an accruals basis in line with the revenue and expense for the year.

Interest, fees and commissions, income and expense

Costs and revenue related to the securitised assets and the subordinated loan, interest, fees and commissions, income, other expense and revenue are all recognised on an accruals basis.

Derivatives

Asset swaps have been taken out to protect the vehicle from interest rate risk; these are measured at cost and, accordingly, only the accrued interest income/expense is recognised.

Summary of the securitised assets

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Securitized assets	40,022,909,705	32,880,399,761
Loans and receivables	39,476,380,309	32,446,761,477
Securities	-	-
Other assets	546,529,396	433,638,284
- accrued interest income on IRS	18,451,231	28,508,425
- accrued interest income on securities	-	-
- accrued interest income on loans	55,340,189	48,472,247
- other prepayments and accrued income	-	-
- tax and other assets	472,737,976	356,657,612
Utilisation of cash deriving from the management of securitized assets	5,644,656,740	5,184,792,107
Cash and cash equivalents	5,644,656,740	5,184,792,107
Loans received	45,462,980,359	37,791,412,489
Other liabilities	204,586,086	273,779,379
Liabilities for services	152,077,975	190,309,757
of which: with Intesa Sanpaolo	95,926,585	-
Additional return on subordinated loan	-	-
Accrued interest expense on IRS	52,508,111	83,469,622
	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Fees and commissions borne by the transaction	32,313,818	23,561,402
For servicing (ISP)	27,441,669	22,111,201
For other services	4,872,149	1,450,201
of which: with Intesa Sanpaolo	150,948	-
Other expense	958,749,188	1,027,914,482
Interest expense on subordinated loan	624,576,670	423,802,971
Interest expense on IRS	226,960,996	456,595,957
Losses on sales of loans	56,330,328	-
Expected losses on loans	34,419,012	129,502,616
Other expense	16,462,182	18,012,937
Interest generated by the securitized assets	701,043,670	589,188,508
Other revenue	290,019,336	462,287,375
Interest income on IRS	229,322,831	452,716,693
Other revenue	60,696,505	9,570,682

on behalf of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairperson
Paola Fandella

QUALITATIVE INFORMATION

Description of the Issue Programme and its performance

On 31 May 2012, the vehicle signed a “master sale agreement” covering the sale of an initial portfolio of loans and subsequent portfolios as part of a single multi-originator Covered Bond Programme worth €30 billion for which it is the guarantor.

The Programme is collateralised by mortgage loans of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.).

The Board of Directors authorised an increase in the Programme’s maximum amount to €40 billion on 24 September 2018.

The Board of Directors authorised an increase in the Programme’s maximum amount to €50 billion on 20 March 2019.

Banca dell’Adriatico S.p.A. (an originator of the Programme) merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. with deed no. 5264, file 2227, notarised by notary Morone on 4 May 2016. The merger took effect on 16 May 2016.

Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (an originator of the Programme) merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. with deed no. 7494, file 3614, notarised by notary Morone on 10 July 2018. The merger took effect on 23 July 2018.

Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (an originator of the Programme) merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. with deed no. 7660, file 3703, notarised by notary Morone on 10 October 2018. The merger took effect on 26 November 2018.

Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (an originator of the Programme) merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. with deed no. 8075, file 3941, notarised by notary Morone on 5 February 2019. The merger took effect on 25 February 2019.

Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (an originator of the Programme) merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. with deed no. 8077, file 3943, notarised by notary Morone on 5 February 2019. The merger took effect on 25 February 2019.

A portfolio of performing mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on residential buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) was sold without recourse to the vehicle on 31 May 2012, effective from 28 May 2012, for a total amount of €12,947,133,534.91, of which €7,893,559,068.40 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and €5,053,574,466.51 by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.). The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal no. 70 of 16 June 2012.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in each of the originators’ financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale’s effective date.

On 21 June 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio. This loan, which bears interest at 0.50%, allows the originators to collect any additional interest amount left after all the transaction’s costs (payment of costs and expenses of the vehicle and all the parties involved in the transaction) have been covered. The vehicle will repay the subordinated loans after the covered bonds are redeemed (or at their extended redemption date), respecting the applicable priority order and funds available, although it is obliged to repay the loans early if the conditions set out in the related agreements materialise.

Subsequently, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originators for

a consideration of €29,854,257.99 and €8,443,431.17 paid by Intesa Sanpaolo and Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), respectively.

At the first guarantor payment date of 20 November 2012, up to the amount of available funds, the vehicle repaid the subordinated loans to each originator, i.e., Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (€50,337,664.92) and Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) (€8,609,167.39).

A second portfolio of performing mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on residential buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) was sold without recourse to the vehicle on 31 July 2012, effective from 30 July 2012, for €4,181,145,555.40 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal no. 91 of 4 August 2012.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 8 August 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

Subsequently, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originator became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originator Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. for €18,723,888.03. Other excluded loans on the first loans portfolio sold in May were returned to the originator Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. for €138,393.20.

A third portfolio of performing mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on residential buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) was sold without recourse to the vehicle on 30 November 2012, effective from 29 November 2012, for a total amount of €3,228,938,084.52, of which €650,655,428.37 by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and €2,578,282,656.15 by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.). The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal no. 144 of 11 December 2012.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 14 December 2012, Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

Subsequently, on 29 January 2013, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originators for a consideration of €7,778,228.53 and €6,542,115.18 paid by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), respectively.

On 22 February 2013, the board of directors acknowledged a procedural anomaly in the loan management IT systems of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and other group banks (Banco di Napoli S.p.A. and Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A., both now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), regarding the loans which benefited from the suspension of interest payments. In addition, a number of loans subject to this anomaly had been transferred to the originator in 2012. This anomaly led to the incorrect recognition of the so-called "IFRS accrued interest adjustment" component, which is amortised over the entire term of each loan. In this respect, the consideration paid for the loans sold by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) to the vehicle on 31 May 2012 had to be reduced by €3,000,116.77 and €1,972,747.62, respectively, while that paid for the loans sold by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) to the vehicle on 30 November 2012 had to be reduced by €1,009,349.30. This had no impact as the "IFRS accrued interest adjustment" component does not contribute to the test calculations provided for by the Covered Bond Issue Programme.

A fourth portfolio of performing mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on residential buildings granted to

consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) was sold without recourse to the vehicle on 31 May 2013, effective from 27 May 2013, for a total amount of €3,494,779,452.11, of which €1,338,058,757.42 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., €1,060,698,894.70 by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and €1,096,021,799.99 by Banca dell'Adriatico S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.). The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal no. 67 of 8 June 2013.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 11 June 2013, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Banca dell'Adriatico S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

Subsequently, on 18 July 2013, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originators for a consideration of €300,101,496.44, €176,408,198.02 and €42,395,722.01 paid by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Banca dell'Adriatico S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), respectively.

In addition to the above, other loans were returned to the following originators at the same time:

- Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.: €264,691.16 (sold in May 2012) and €358,289.80 (sold in July 2012);
- Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.): €100,469.18 (sold in May 2012);
- Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.): €15,641,372.11 (sold in November 2012).

A fifth portfolio of performing mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on residential buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) was sold without recourse to the vehicle on 30 May 2014, effective from 26 May 2014, for a total amount of €2,243,183,788.78, of which €1,028,277,479.56 by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and €1,214,906,309.22 by Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Sanpaolo S.p.A.), as an additional originator of the Programme. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal no. 67 of 7 June 2014.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 10 June 2014, Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

On 29 October 2014, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originators for a consideration of €9,118,062.33 and €503,566.61 paid by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), respectively.

A sixth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 29 May 2015, effective from 25 May 2015. The three portfolios of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for a total amount of €3,126,907,490.56, of which €633,790,497.46 by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), €872,412,000.16 by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and €1,620,704,992.94 by Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), as an additional originator of the Programme. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal no. 66 of 11 June 2015.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 15 June 2015, Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

A seventh sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 30 September 2015, effective from 28 September 2015. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) was sold without recourse for €530,801,027.48 by Banca dell'Adriatico S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.). The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 116 of 8 October 2015.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 12 October 2015, Banca dell'Adriatico S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

On 18 December 2015, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originators for a consideration of €482,358.64 paid by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 29 May 2015, €904,058.69 paid by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 29 May 2015, €7,838,250.69 paid by Banca dell'Adriatico S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 30 September 2015 and €943,731.87 paid by Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 29 May 2015.

An eighth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 31 March 2016, effective from 21 March 2016. The two portfolios of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for a total amount of €1,788,037,405.32, of which €1,155,088,290.93 by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and €632,949,114.39 by Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.). The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 42 of 7 April 2016.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 11 April 2016, Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

A ninth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 30 June 2016, effective from 25 June 2016. The three portfolios of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for a total amount of €3,514,692,303.54, of which €2,380,200,841.42 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., €442,197,638.10 by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and €692,293,824.02 by Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.). The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 84 of 16 July 2016.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 19 July 2016, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

On 27 October 2016, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originators for a consideration of €7,070,487.36 paid by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. in relation to the sale of 30 June 2016, €819,874.88 paid by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 31 March 2016, €520,917.32 paid by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 30 June 2016, €4,045,361.22 paid by Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 30 June 2016 and €58,509.38 paid by Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 31 March 2016.

A tenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 31 March 2017, effective from 27 March 2017. The three portfolios of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for a total amount of €1,894,234,699.54, of which €647,533,003.87 by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), €441,061,454.66 by Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and €805,640,241.01 by Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.). The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 42 of 8 April 2017.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 11 April 2017, Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

An eleventh sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 30 June 2017, effective from 26 June 2017. The two portfolios of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for a total amount of €3,014,620,787.31 (including €1,153,983,567.35 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and €1,860,637,219.96 by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.)). The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 80 of 8 July 2017.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 11 July 2017, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

On 16 November 2017, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originators for a consideration of €5,852,230.08 paid by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. in relation to the sale of 30 June 2017, €3,522,875.58 paid by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 30 June 2017, €275,630.62 paid by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 31 March 2017 and €240,575.47 paid by Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 31 March 2017.

A twelfth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 30 March 2018, effective from 26 March 2018. The three portfolios of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for a total amount of €3,330,177,871.24, of which €1,789,072,750.70 by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), €741,839,116.55 by Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and €799,266,003.99 by Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.). The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 43 of 12 April 2018.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial

statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 16 April 2018, Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

A thirteenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 29 June 2018, effective from 25 June 2018. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) was sold without recourse for €4,242,362,311.41 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 78 of 7 July 2018.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 9 July 2018, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

A fourteenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 25 September 2018, effective from 24 September 2018. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) was sold without recourse for €2,137,254,682.05 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 114 of 29 September 2018. The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 1 October 2018, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

On 16 October 2018, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originators for a consideration of €7,412,664.45 paid by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. in relation to the sale of 29 June 2018 and Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 30 March 2018, €1,074,337.01 paid by Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) in relation to the sale of 30 March 2018, and €284,027.27 paid by Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. in relation to the sale of 30 March 2018.

A fifteenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 13 November 2018, effective from 12 November 2018. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) was sold without recourse for €2,124,642,703.84 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 135 of 20 November 2018.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 21 November 2018, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

On 20 November 2018, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originators for a consideration of €31,467,424.56 paid by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (repurchase of Russohotel loan).

On 18 February 2019, as part of the tests performed on the loans sold, the originators became aware of the existence of excluded loans as per the transaction regulation; these loans were returned to the originator Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. for a consideration of €1,206,166.28.

A sixteenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 23 May 2019, effective from 20 May 2019. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for €7,032,887,983.19 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 63 of 30 May 2019.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 31 May 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

A seventeenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 20 June 2019, effective from 17 June 2019. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for €2,755,617,611.70 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 75 of 27 June 2019.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 28 June 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

On 9 October 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. exercised a repurchase option, accepted by the special purpose vehicle, with financial effect from 7 October 2019 and legal effect from 9 October 2019, in relation to several loans identified as a block pursuant to article 58 of the Consolidated Law on Banking.

The loans were returned by the vehicle to the originator Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. for a consideration of €3,512,514.28.

The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 120 of 12 October 2019.

On 29 October 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. exercised a repurchase option, accepted by the special purpose vehicle, with financial effect from 28 October 2019 and legal effect from 30 October 2019, in relation to several loans identified as a block pursuant to article 58 of the Consolidated Law on Banking.

The loans, consisting of mortgage loans in "bad loan" or "unlikely-to-pay" status, were returned by the vehicle to the originator Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. for a consideration of €650,373,895.23.

The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 130 of 5 November 2019.

An eighteenth sale of loans was made to the vehicle on 21 November 2019, effective from 18 November 2019. The portfolio of mortgage loans (secured by mortgages on buildings granted to consumer households and family businesses resident in Italy) were sold without recourse for €2,378,514,772.24 by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. The sales notice was published in the Italian Official Journal, Part 2, no. 140 of 28 November 2019.

The consideration paid for the assets was determined using the carrying amounts in the originator's financial statements as required by sector regulations, adjusted appropriately to reflect quantitative and objective changes made up until the sale's effective date.

On 21 November 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. granted the vehicle a subordinated loan of the same amount to allow it to finance the acquisition of the portfolio.

Pursuant to article 7-bis.1 of Law no. 130 and article 4 of the Ministry for the Economy and Finance decree, the vehicle granted an irrevocable and unconditional guarantee to the bondholders with limited recourse (the covered bonds guarantee). In accordance with the covered bonds guarantee, if the issuer defaults (i.e., insolvency of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) or Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) – or non-payment of interest and/or principal on the bonds) and following receipt of

a notice to pay from the bondholders' representative, to be sent as per the Intercreditor Agreement, the vehicle will meet the issuer's obligations with the bondholders in line with the originally agreed terms and conditions to the extent of the segregated assets. The guarantee agreement was also signed by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) as acknowledgement of its issue by the vehicle to the bondholders and the related terms and conditions.

Italian law requires that the validity of the guarantee be checked over the bonds' term. Accordingly, the calculation agent, Securitisation Servicer S.p.A., performs tests of the portfolio to check whether the nominal amount, present value and interest flows (considering the hedging swaps) of the portfolio allow the vehicle, where necessary, to pay the interest and principal of the issued bonds. Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. checks the tests' accuracy as the asset monitor. Management of the portfolio over the transaction term is regulated by a portfolio administration agreement signed, inter alia, by the vehicle and Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.).

The transaction's financial structure provides for the three-monthly payment of the transaction costs, i.e., at the payment dates of 20 February, 20 May, 20 August and 20 November of each year.

Information about the cash flows and payments of 2019 is set out below.

Twenty-sixth payment date (20 February 2019)

On 20 February 2019, payments were made for collections from 1 October 2018 to 31 December 2018. Funds distributable by the vehicle amounted to €442.5 million, of which €167.4 million, €8.4 million, and €16.7 million as collections on the loan portfolio originated by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A., respectively; €72 thousand, €11 thousand, and €15 thousand as interest received on the current accounts and investments with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A., respectively; €93.7 million, €6.1 million, and €9.1 million on swaps with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. as counterparties, respectively; and €141 million as the reserve fund required amount.

Third parties that provided services to the vehicle were paid €7.9 million.

The reimbursement of corporate costs and advances to organise the transaction amounted to €423 thousand.

The vehicle also paid €63.3 million, €7.8 million, and €12.3 million as asset swaps on the cover pool to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A., respectively.

It provided for the reserve fund required amount of €110.5 million and returned €30.6 million to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. as the difference compared to the reserve fund required amount accrued at the previous payment date.

The vehicle paid interest on the subordinated loan of €41.4 million, €2.5 million, and €4.4 million to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A., respectively, and €149 million, €3.9 million, and €8.5 million as the additional interest amount to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A., respectively.

In addition, the vehicle partially repaid the subordinated loan to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (€1,300 million) using the principal available funds.

Twenty-seventh payment date (20 May 2019)

On 20 May 2019, payments were made for collections from 1 January 2019 to 31 March 2019 (from this payment date, following the merger into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., the figures refer to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., as the sole originator).

Funds distributable by the vehicle amounted to €322.3 million, of which €153 million as collections on the loan portfolio of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., €99 thousand as interest collected on the current accounts and investments of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., €58.8 million on swaps with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. as the counterparty and €110.5 million as the reserve fund required amount.

Third parties that provided services to the vehicle were paid €6.3 million.

The reimbursement of corporate costs and advances to organise the transaction amounted to €0 thousand. The vehicle also paid €67.9 million as the asset swap on the cover pool of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. It provided for the reserve fund required amount of €99.8 million and returned €10.6 million to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. as the difference compared to the reserve fund required amount accrued at the previous payment date. The vehicle paid interest on the subordinated loan of €45 million to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and the additional interest amount of €92.7 million also to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. In addition, the vehicle partially repaid the subordinated loan to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (€1,200 million) using the principal available funds.

Twenty-eighth payment date (20 August 2019)

On 20 August 2019, payments were made for collections from 1 April 2019 to 30 June 2019.

The funds available for distribution by the vehicle amounted to €352.7 million, of which:

- €176.4 million as collections on the loan portfolio of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..
- €157 thousand in interest received on current accounts and investments of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..
- €76.3 million from swap contracts with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. as the counterparty
- €99.8 million as the reserve fund required amount.
- €170 remaining amount in the investment current account.

The following payments were made:

- €6.9 million as remuneration to the third parties that provided services to the vehicle
- €64 thousand as the reimbursement of corporate costs and advances to organise the transaction
- €53.5 million as the asset swap on the cover pool of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..
- €89.5 million as the accrual of the reserve fund required amount
- €10.3 million returned to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. as the difference compared to the reserve fund required amount accrued at the previous payment date
- €55 million as the payment to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. of the interest for the subordinated loan
- €137.3 million as the additional interest amount also to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

In addition, the vehicle partially repaid the subordinated loan to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (€2 billion) using the principal available funds.

Twenty-ninth payment date (20 November 2019)

On 20 November 2019, payments were made for collections from 1 July 2019 to 30 September 2019.

The funds available for distribution by the vehicle amounted to €347.7 million, of which:

- €216.8 million as collections on the loan portfolio of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..
- €106 thousand in interest received on current accounts and investments of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..
- €41.3 million from swap contracts with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. as the counterparty
- €89.5 million as the reserve fund required amount.
- €9 remaining amount in the investment current account.

The following payments were made:

- €9.8 million as remuneration to the third parties that provided services to the vehicle
- €84 thousand as the reimbursement of corporate costs and advances to organise the transaction
- €53 million as the asset swap on the cover pool of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..
- €85.4 million as the accrual of the reserve fund required amount
- €4.1 million returned to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. as the difference compared to the reserve fund required amount accrued at the previous payment date
- €55 million as the payment to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. of the interest for the subordinated loan
- €140.3 million as the additional interest amount also to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

Parties involved

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) collect and manage the securitised loans on behalf of the vehicle. They act as receivables

account banks and servicers, to the extent of their securitised portfolios, as per Law no. 130/99 and may subdelegate activities to third parties. As regards the servicing activities, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), provide the IT infrastructure, including via Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services S.c.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and perform the back office activities for collections on the cover pool, as envisaged by the Group regulations. As servicers, they are also responsible for ensuring that the transaction activities comply with the law and the Prospectus, as per article 2.6 of Law no. 130/99.

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and the vehicle have signed an administrative services agreement under which the former provides the vehicle administrative, accounting and corporate services (including book keeping, tax returns and corporate activities).

The amounts collected by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), as servicers on the vehicle's behalf are paid into accounts held with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.).

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. is also the account bank, cash manager and paying agent. The originators manage the liquidity between the collection and payment dates established by the relevant agreements.

On 3 February 2016, the board of directors resolved that another external account bank would join the Programme. If particular events take place (e.g., the downgrading of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. below the minimum threshold), this bank would replace Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and the other participating banks as the relevant account bank. This role has been assigned to Crédit Agricole Corporate & Investment Bank.

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. receive a fee in line with market conditions for these services.

As a result of the changes made to the servicing agreement of 29 July 2010, by the amendment agreement of 20 December 2019, at the reporting date, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (following the merger of Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services S.c.p.A. into the Parent Company on 11 January 2019) acts as the first special servicer, and DoValue S.p.A. (formerly DoBank, following the partial demerger, on 1 January 2019, of the business unit of Italfondario S.p.A. relating to the management, recovery and collection of loans from the loan portfolio managed by Italfondario and assigned to Dobank, now known as DoValue) acts as the second special servicer.

On 12 March 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. signed a sub-servicing agreement with Intrum Italy S.p.A., through which it delegated the management of bad loans with effect from 2 December 2018 (except for the management of the Excluded Loans managed directly by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.).

Following enactment of the EMIR, which imposes specific regulatory obligations on parties to OTC derivative contracts, in February 2014, Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services S.c.p.A. (now Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and each originator were entrusted with the performance of certain of the activities imposed by such regulation as representatives of the vehicle (specifically, Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services S.c.p.A. – now Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. – is responsible for reconciling the portfolios and managing disputes while each originator is in charge of reporting).

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. acts as paying agent for the covered bonds. Finanziaria Internazionale Securitisation Group S.p.A., now FISG S.r.l., is the bondholder representative and Securitisation Services S.p.A. is the calculation agent. The Luxembourg listing agent is Deutsche Bank Luxembourg S.A., while Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. acts as asset monitor.

All the above parties signed the Intercreditor Agreement, acknowledging and accepting that all the vehicle's obligations, as per the transaction documents, are limited recourse obligations, conditioned by and limited to its available funds and that these funds can only be used by the vehicle in accordance with the payment priority order set out in the aforesaid Intercreditor Agreement up until full redemption of the covered bonds

and satisfaction of all other creditors' claims.

Banca IMI S.p.A. and Barclays Capital assisted Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. to structure the transaction as arrangers of the Programme.

Issue characteristics

The main characteristics of the covered bonds issued by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (the issuer) as part of the Covered Bond Programme, for which ISP OBG S.r.l., as guarantor of the bonds, has issued the covered bond guarantee to the bondholders, are set out below.

The first two covered bond issues, subscribed by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. on 27 June 2012, amounted to €5.75 billion and €6 billion, respectively. These bonds had a two-year maturity and paid three-monthly coupons at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.75%. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. The coupons were paid on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year starting from 20 November 2012 and provided for a bullet payment at the legal due dates of 20 August and 20 November 2014, respectively, which could be extended by one year. On 19 May 2014, these bonds were redeemed in advance.

The third series of covered bonds was issued on 8 August 2012 and amounted to €4.1 billion, maturing on 20 August 2014, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.75%. These bonds paid three-monthly coupons on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. On 19 May 2014, these bonds were redeemed in advance.

The fourth series of covered bonds was issued on 21 December 2012 and amounted to €3.215 billion, maturing on 20 February 2015, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.75%. These bonds paid three-monthly coupons on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. On 19 May 2014, these bonds were redeemed in advance.

The fifth series of covered bonds was issued on 17 June 2013 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 August 2015, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.75%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014. These bonds were fully redeemed on 15 May 2015.

The sixth series of covered bonds was issued on 17 June 2013 and amounted to €0.8 billion, maturing on 20 August 2020, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.75%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are unrated, but use the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they are also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

As discussed earlier, on 19 May 2014, in order to improve the consistency between the cover pool and the issued covered bond maturities, the series one, two, three and four issues were redeemed in advance, for an overall amount of €19,065 million.

Against the above redemption, on 20 May 2014, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. issued twelve new series (from 7 to 18) of covered bonds totalling €19,065 million, with the following characteristics:

The seventh series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 May 2016, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.60%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014. The bonds matured on 20 May 2016.

The eighth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 August 2016, at floating three-month Euribor plus 0.60%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa

Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014. The bonds matured on 20 August 2016.

The ninth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 February 2017, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.60%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014. These bonds were cancelled and redeemed in advance with value date on 15 February 2017.

The tenth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 August 2017, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.60%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014. These bonds were cancelled and redeemed in advance with value date on 15 February 2017.

The eleventh series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 February 2018, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.66%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014. The bonds matured on 20 February 2018.

The twelfth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €2.350 billion, maturing on 20 August 2018, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.66%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €196 million to €2,154 million on 23 October 2014. These bonds were cancelled and redeemed in advance with value date on 2 March 2018.

The thirteenth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 August 2019, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.70%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014. These bonds were cancelled and redeemed in advance with value date on 14 February 2019.

The fourteenth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 August 2019, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.70%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014. These bonds were cancelled and redeemed in advance with value date on 14 February 2019.

The fifteenth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 February 2020, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.77%. These bonds paid a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They were unrated, but used the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and were listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they were also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014.

The sixteenth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 August 2020, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.77%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are unrated, but use the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they are also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €191 million to €1,309 million on 23 October 2014.

The seventeenth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.5 billion, maturing on 20 February 2021, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.85%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are unrated, but use the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they are also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €125 million to €1,375 million on 23 October 2014.

The eighteenth series of covered bonds was issued on 20 May 2014 and amounted to €1.715 billion, maturing on 20 August 2021, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.85%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are unrated, but use the Intesa Sanpaolo's issuer rating and are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange; they are also eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem. Their nominal amount was reduced by €143 million to €1.572 billion on 23 October 2014.

The nineteenth series of covered bonds was issued on 13 November 2015 and amounted to €1,375 million, maturing on 20 February 2023, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.40%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twentieth series of covered bonds was issued on 17 June 2016 and amounted to €1,600 million, maturing on 20 August 2023, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.20%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twenty-first series of covered bonds was issued on 16 September 2016 and amounted to €1,750 million, maturing on 20 August 2024, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.26%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twenty-second series of covered bonds was issued on 16 September 2016 and amounted to €1,750 million, maturing on 20 August 2025, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.26%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twenty-third series of covered bonds was issued on 17 February 2017 and amounted to €1,375 million, maturing on 20 February 2026, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.50%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twenty-fourth series of covered bonds was issued on 17 February 2017 and amounted to €1,375 million, maturing on 20 February 2027, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.55%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twenty-fifth series of covered bonds was issued on 9 March 2018 and amounted to €1,750 million, maturing on 20 February 2025, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.12%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twenty-sixth series of covered bonds was issued on 9 March 2018 and amounted to €2,150 million, maturing on 20 August 2028, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.26%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the

Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twenty-seventh series of covered bonds was issued on 21 September 2018 and amounted to €1,600 million, maturing on 20 August 2029, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.65%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twenty-eighth series of covered bonds was issued on 21 September 2018 and amounted to €1,600 million, maturing on 20 May 2030, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.67%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The twenty-ninth series of covered bonds was issued on 22 November 2018 and amounted to €1,600 million, maturing on 20 August 2026, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.85%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The thirtieth series of covered bonds was issued on 22 November 2018 and amounted to €1,600 million, maturing on 20 February 2031, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.90%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The thirty-first series of covered bonds was issued on 18 December 2018 and amounted to €1,275 million, maturing on 20 August 2031, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 1.03%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The thirty-second series of covered bonds was issued on 20 February 2019 and amounted to €1,650 million, maturing on 20 February 2024, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.69%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The thirty-third series of covered bonds was issued on 20 February 2019 and amounted to €1,650 million, maturing on 20 May 2032, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 1.30%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The thirty-fourth series of covered bonds was issued on 24 June 2019 and amounted to €1,600 million, maturing on 20 February 2027, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.46%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The thirty-fifth series of covered bonds was issued on 24 June 2019 and amounted to €1,600 million, maturing on 20 February 2029, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.59%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The thirty-sixth series of covered bonds was issued on 24 June 2019 and amounted to €1,800 million, maturing on 20 February 2033, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.86%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the

Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

The thirty-seventh series of covered bonds was issued on 16 December 2019 and amounted to €1,250 million, maturing on 20 August 2032, at a floating three-month Euribor plus 0.35%. These bonds pay a three-monthly coupon on 20 November, 20 February, 20 May and 20 August of each year. They are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange and were rated A (high) by DBRS; they are eligible for transactions in the Eurosystem.

On 7 November 2014, the rating agency DBRS rated the issue programme A (high).

Related financial transactions

The vehicle accrued the reserve fund required amount on 13 November 2014, fully funded by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. This is a quarterly provision equal to the coupon on bonds issued, fees due to all parties involved and the total asset swaps.

The amount was included in the interest available fund at the payment date of 20 November 2014 and was funded by the issuer which credited €217 million to the vehicle's account, as contractually provided for. At the payment date of 20 November 2019, the reserve amounted to €85.4 million and is subject to recalculation and possible adjustment at each payment date.

The vehicle had agreed fifteen asset swaps on the relevant underlying cover pools with Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (three for each originator).

On 29 November 2016, in order to improve the effectiveness of derivative hedges, sixteen asset swaps of Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) were unwound and three new assets swaps were signed. The transactions are financially equivalent. Accordingly, there is no impact on the vehicle's profit or loss.

On 2 March 2017, as part of the ongoing restructuring of derivative hedges, fifteen asset swaps of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. were unwound and three new assets swaps were signed. The transactions are financially equivalent. Accordingly, there is no impact on the vehicle's profit or loss.

After the payment date of 22 May 2017, this restructuring project for the other banks of the Banca dei Territori division was completed. Accordingly, six asset swaps of Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. were unwound on 23 May 2017, eight asset swaps of Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) were unwound on 31 May 2017 and six asset swaps of Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. were unwound on 25 May 2017.

On the same dates, three new asset swaps were signed for each bank. The transactions are financially equivalent. Accordingly, there is no impact on the vehicle's profit or loss.

After the payment date of 21 August 2017, the restructuring project for Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. and Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) was completed and two asset swaps of each bank were unwound on 7 September 2017.

After the payment date of 20 November 2018, the restructuring of several hedging derivatives was completed by unwinding the following assets swaps, with a value date of 18 December 2018:

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.'s floating-rate and floating-rate-with-cap portfolio (the hedging derivative on the fixed-rate portfolio remains in place).

Fixed-rate, floating-rate, and floating-rate-with-cap portfolio of the former Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.).

Floating-rate and floating-rate-with-cap portfolio of the former Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.); the hedging derivative on the fixed rate portfolio designated in the name of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. remains in place.

On 23 May 2019, the restructuring of several hedging derivatives was completed by unwinding the following assets swaps, with a value date of 27 May 2019:

Fixed-rate, floating-rate, and floating-rate-with-cap portfolio of the former Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.).

Fixed-rate, floating-rate, and floating-rate-with-cap portfolio of the former Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.).

The vehicle's operating powers

The vehicle invests the available cash collected during each collection period until the next payment date via the cash manager.

QUANTITATIVE INFORMATION

Cash flows from securitised assets

Loans and receivables

Carrying amount

	31 May 2012	Changes in previous year	Changes in current year	31 December 2019
a) Opening balance	12,947,133,535			
b) Increases		43,007,210,222	12,981,766,366	
b.1 interest		3,995,524,533	742,517,976	
b.2 default/legal interest		24,038,029	1,047,274	
b.3 penalties for redemptions in advance and other		37,649,932	7,344,050	
b.4 acquisitions		38,851,778,160	12,167,020,367 (*)	
b.5 other increases		98,219,568	63,836,699	
c) Decreases		23,507,582,280	5,952,147,534	
c.1 collections		22,192,034,969	5,145,451,926	
c.2 sales		694,219,603	655,092,576	
c.3 other decreases in loans		621,327,708	151,603,032	
Closing balance				39,476,380,309

(*) On 23 May 2019, €7,032,887,983.19 was sold by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

On 20 June 2019, €2,755,617,611.70 was sold by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

On 21 November 2019, €2,378,514,772.24 was sold by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

The items related to securitised loans and the interest income/expense generated by analytical and collective assessments were recognised based on the methods and information provided by the servicer (Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.).

Past due loans

The table below shows the changes in gross past due loans (principal and interest paid) during the year based on the classifications envisaged in the servicing agreements.

		Changes in current year
a) Opening balance	31 December 2018	269,065,220
b) Increases		3,324,903,570
b.1 interest accrued		727,753,151
b.2 default/legal interest accrued		-
b.3 legal and other changes		14,335,912
b.4 principal b.5 acquisitions		2,582,814,507
c) Decreases		3,570,059,606
c.1 collections		3,295,356,624
c.2 write-offs		-
c.3 sales		266,654,678
c.4 other decreases		8,048,304
Closing balance	31 December 2019	23,909,184

For the purpose of full disclosure, a summary table is provided below of the non-performing loans at 31 December 2019, as classified by the servicer – in accordance with the provisions of Bank of Italy Circular no. 262/2005 and the IAS/IFRS and the EU supervisory regulations – in the categories of bad loans, unlikely-to-pay exposures and exposures past due by more than ninety days.

As already mentioned above, with effect from 30 October 2019, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. repurchased all the mortgage loans in “bad loan” or “unlikely-to-pay” status from the vehicle for a gross amount of €956 million.

	Gross amount	Impairment losses	Carrying amount
Past-due non-performing	133,855,258	8,803,965	125,051,293
Unlikely-to-pay	66,990,826	8,298,295	58,692,531
Bad loans	2,575,787	882,523	1,693,264
Total non-performing loan:	203,421,871	17,984,783	185,437,088

Loans and receivables have been recognised at their residual value at the securitisation date, net of collections received up to the reporting date, and are measured based on their estimated realisable value, according to the valuation method used by the servicer Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A..

Cash flows

Collections (from 1 January to 31 December 2019)

Description	Amount
Loans and receivables	5,145,451,926
Returns to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.	655,092,576
Total	5,800,544,502

Other cash inflows related to:

CC expenses	26,487
Net interest on current accounts	463,762
Derivatives for interest collected	238,912,716

Cash outflows related to:

Management fees	31,457,541
Interest on subordinated loan	203,366,742
Additional return on subordinated loan	531,695,912
Derivatives for interest paid	257,922,507
Reserve fund required amount	55,640,132
Repayment of subordinated loan - Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.	4,500,000,000

Reference should be made to the "Outlook" section for information on collections.

Status of guarantees and credit facilities

The vehicle does not have credit facilities.

Breakdown by residual life

Securitised loans

Items/Residual maturity	up to 3 months	from 3 months to 1 year	from 1 to 5 years	after 5 years	past due	Total
1. Securitised assets						
1.1 loans	583,780,864	2,132,047,819	10,466,388,114	26,270,116,173	24,047,339	39,476,380,309
1.2 securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3 other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	583,780,864	2,132,047,819	10,466,388,114	26,270,116,173	24,047,339	39,476,380,309
2. Liabilities						
2.1 securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 financing	-	-	-	45,462,980,359	-	45,462,980,359
2.3 other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	45,462,980,359	-	45,462,980,359

Breakdown by geographical location

Loans and receivables

Country	currency	Amount
Italy	€	39,476,380,309
Total		39,476,380,309

Risk concentration

Breakdown of loan portfolio by amount

Indication of each loan that individually exceeds 2% of the total amount of loans in the portfolio

There are no loans that individually exceed 2% of the total amount of loans in the portfolio.

Section 3 - Risks and related hedging policies

3.1 Credit risk

Qualitative disclosure

The vehicle only has on-demand receivables consisting of current accounts held with the Parent Company Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., which are not considered to have any credit risk.

Quantitative disclosure

1. Breakdown of financial assets by portfolio and credit quality (carrying amounts)

Portfolio/quality	Bad loans	Unlikely-to-pay	Non-performing exposures	Performing exposures	Other performing exposures	Total
1. Financial assets at amortised cost	-	-	-	-	212,192	212,192
2. Financial assets at FVOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Financial assets at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Other financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Financial assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total 31/12/2019	-	-	-	-	212,192	212,192
Total 31/12/2018	-	-	-	-	271,875	271,875

2. Breakdown of financial assets by portfolio and credit quality (gross and net amounts)

Portfolio/quality	Non-performing				Performing			Total (net exposure)
	Gross exposure	Total value adjustments	Net exposure	Total partial write-offs	Gross exposure	Total value adjustments	Net exposure	
1. Financial assets at amortised cost	-	-	-	-	212,192	-	212,192	212,192
2. Financial assets at FVOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Financial assets at fair value	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-
4. Other financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-
5. Financial assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total 31/12/2019	-	-	-	-	212,192	-	212,192	212,192
Total 31/12/2018	-	-	-	-	271,875	-	271,875	271,875

Portfolio/quality	Assets of evidently low credit quality		Other assets
	Cumulative capital losses	Net exposure	Net exposure
1. Financial assets held for trading	-	-	-
2. Hedging derivatives	-	-	-
Total 31/12/2019	-	-	-
Total 31/12/2018	-	-	-

3. Breakdown of financial assets by past-due brackets (carrying amounts)

Financial assets measured at amortised cost consist solely of the balance of the current accounts held with the Parent Company Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.. Therefore, this table does not apply.

6. Credit exposures to customers, banks and financial companies

6.1 On- and off-balance sheet credit exposures to banks and financial companies: gross and net values

	Gross exposure		Total adjustments and total provisions for credit risk	Net exposure	Total partial write-offs
	Non-performing	Performing			
A. ON-BALANCE SHEET EXPOSURES					
a) Bad loans	-	-	-	-	-
-of which: forborne exposures	-	-	-	-	-
b) Unlikely to pay	-	-	-	-	-
-of which: forborne exposures	-	-	-	-	-
c) Non-performing past due exposures	-	-	-	-	-
-of which: forborne exposures	-	-	-	-	-
d) Performing past due exposures	-	-	-	-	-
-of which: forborne exposures	-	-	-	-	-
e) Other performing exposures	-	212,192	-	212,192	-
-of which: forborne exposures	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL A	-	212,192	-	212,192	-
B. OFF-BALANCE SHEET EXPOSURES					
a) Non-performing	-	-	-	-	-
b) Performing	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL B	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (A+B)	-	212,192	-	212,192	-

3.2 Market risk

3.2.1 Interest rate risk

Qualitative disclosure

The vehicle is not exposed to interest rate risk.

Quantitative disclosure

1. Breakdown by residual maturity (repricing date) of financial assets and liabilities

	On-demand	Up to 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 5 years	5 - 10 years	After 10 years	Unspecified maturity
1. Assets								
1.1 Debt instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2 Loans and receivables	212,192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3 Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Liabilities								
2.1 Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 Debt instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Financial derivatives								
Options								
3.1 Long positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2 Short positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other derivatives								
3.3 Long positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.4 Short positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

3.2.2 Price risk

This section has not been completed because there are no risk positions of this kind.

3.2.3 Foreign Exchange risk

This section has not been completed because there are no risk positions of this kind.

3.3 Operational risk

With regard to operational risk, you are reminded that the vehicle does not have any employees and that the vehicle has delegated the activities necessary for the operational management of the segregated assets to specialist professional providers of financial and regulatory services for these operations.

3.4 Liquidity risk

Qualitative disclosure

The vehicle believes that it has sufficient available cash to meet its commitments, because the contractual provisions establish that, on the payment dates, the vehicle will be reimbursed from the segregated assets for the operating expenses incurred to maintain it in good standing.

Quantitative disclosure

1. Breakdown by contractual residual maturity of financial assets and liabilities

Captions/Residual maturity	On demand	1 - 7	7 - 15	From							unspecified maturity
		days	days	15 days - 1 month	1 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	After 5 years	
On-balance sheet assets											
A.1 Government bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.2 Other debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.3 Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.4 Other assets	212,192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
On-balance sheet liabilities											
B.1 Due to:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Financial companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Customers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.2 Debt instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.3 Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet transactions											
C.1 Financial derivatives with exchange of principal											
- Long positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Short positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.2 Financial derivatives without exchange of principal											
- Positive difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Negative difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.3 Financing to be received											
- Long positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Short positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.4 Irrevocable commitments to disburse funds											
- Long positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Short positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.5 Financial guarantees issued											
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.6 Financial guarantees received											
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Disclosure on risks

Pursuant to article 7-bis.1 of Law no. 130 and article 4 of the Ministry for the Economy and Finance decree, the vehicle granted a first-demand autonomous, irrevocable and unconditional guarantee to the bondholders with limited recourse to the cover pool assets (the covered bonds guarantee). In accordance with the covered bonds guarantee, if the issuer defaults (i.e., insolvency of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., non-payment by the Issuer of interest and/or principal on the bonds) and following receipt of a notice to pay from the bondholders' representative, to be sent as per the Intercreditor Agreement, the vehicle will meet the issuer's obligations with the bondholders in line with the originally agreed terms and conditions to the extent of the segregated assets. The risk of partial or total non-collection of the cover pool assets included in the segregated assets has been transferred to the originators Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Banco di Napoli S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.) and Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. (now merged into Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.), which granted ISP OBG S.r.l. subordinated loans which it used to fully finance the acquisition.

Section 4 - Equity

4.1 Equity

4.1.1 Qualitative disclosure

4.1.2 Quantitative disclosure

4.1.2.1 Equity: breakdown

The vehicle's equity consists of quota capital of €42,038, split into quotas, the legal reserve (€4,473) and the extraordinary reserve (€82,692).

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
1. Quota capital	42,038	42,038
2. Quota premium	-	-
3. Reserves	87,165	85,489
- income-related	87,165	85,489
a) legal	4,473	4,389
b) statutory	-	-
c) treasury quotas	-	-
d) other	82,692	81,100
- other	-	-
4. (Treasury quotas)	-	-
5. Valuation reserves	-	-
- Equity instruments at FVOCI	-	-
Hedges of equity instruments at FVOCI	-	-
- Financial assets (other than equity instruments) at FVOCI	-	-
- Property, equipment and investment property	-	-
- Intangible assets	-	-
- Hedges of investments in foreign operations	-	-
- Cash flow hedges	-	-
- Hedging instruments (elements not designated)	-	-
- Exchange rate differences	-	-
- Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups	-	-
- Financial liabilities at FVTPL (change in credit rating)	-	-
- Special revaluation laws	-	-
- Actuarial gains/losses on defined benefit plans	-	-
- Portion of valuation reserves of equity-accounted investees	-	-
6. Equity instruments	-	-
7. Profit for the year	-	1,676
Total	129,203	129,203

4.2 Own Funds and Capital Ratios

4.2.1 Own funds

4.2.2 Qualitative disclosure

The vehicle is not subject to the special rules on own funds and capital ratios.

Section 5 - Breakdown of comprehensive income

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
10. Profit for the year	-	1,676
Other comprehensive income not reclassified to profit or loss		
20. Equity instruments at FVOCI		
a) fair value gains (losses)	-	-
b) transfers to other equity components	-	-
30. Financial liabilities at FVTPL (change in credit rating):		
a) fair value gains (losses)	-	-
b) transfers to other equity components	-	-
40. Hedges of equity instruments at FVOCI:		
a) fair value gains (losses) (hedged item)	-	-
b) fair value gains (losses) (hedging instrument)	-	-
50. Property, equipment and investment property	-	-
60. Intangible assets	-	-
70. Defined benefit plans	-	-
80. Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups	-	-
90. Portion of valuation reserves of equity-accounted investees	-	-
100. Income taxes on other comprehensive income not reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
Other comprehensive income reclassified to profit or loss		
110. Hedges of investments in foreign operations:		
a) fair value gains (losses)	-	-
b) reclassification to profit or loss	-	-
c) other changes	-	-
120. Exchange rate gains (losses):		
a) fair value gains (losses)	-	-
b) reclassification to profit or loss	-	-
c) other changes	-	-
130. Cash flow hedges:		
a) fair value gains (losses)	-	-
b) reclassification to profit or loss	-	-
c) other changes	-	-
of which: net positions		
140. Hedging instruments (elements not designated):		
a) fair value gains (losses)	-	-
b) reclassification to profit or loss	-	-
c) other changes	-	-
150. Financial assets (other than equity instruments) at FVOCI:		
a) fair value gains (losses)	-	-
b) reclassification to profit or loss		
- impairment losses	-	-
- gains/losses on sales	-	-
c) other changes	-	-
160. Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups:		
a) fair value gains (losses)	-	-
b) reclassification to profit or loss	-	-
c) other changes	-	-
170. Portion of valuation reserves of equity-accounted investees:		
a) fair value gains (losses)	-	-
b) reclassification to profit or loss		
- impairment losses	-	-
- gains/losses on sales	-	-
c) other changes	-	-
180. Income tax expense related to other comprehensive income reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
190. Total other comprehensive income	-	-
200. Comprehensive income (captions 10+190)	-	1,676

Section 6 - Related-party transactions

6.1 Information on remuneration of key management personnel

2019	Directors and statutory auditors
Fees and social security contributions	
- Directors	
- paid to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.	-
- other	12,886
- Statutory auditors	18,461
Total	31,347

6.2 Loans and guarantees given to/on behalf of directors and statutory auditors

No loans or guarantees have been given to/on behalf of directors or statutory auditors.

6.3 Related-party transactions

Assets and liabilities at 31/12/2019	Loans and receivables with banks	Other liabilities
- Directors and statutory auditors	-	8,474
- Parent: Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.	208,470	-
Total	208,470	8,474

Income and expense for 2019	Interest and similar income	Personnel expense	Other admin. expenses	Fee and commission expense
- Directors and statutory auditors	-	31,347	3,169	-
- Parent: Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.	4	-	-	-
Total	4	31,347	3,169	-

Section 7 - Other information

7.1 Other

- Equity at 31 December 2019

	Amount	Possible use (*)	Available portion	Summary of use in past three years	
				to cover losses	for other reasons
QUOTA CAPITAL	42,038		-	-	-
QUOTA PREMIUM					
RESERVES:					
- Legal reserve	4,473	B	-	-	-
- Extraordinary reserve	82,692	A,B,C	82,692	-	-
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	-		-	-	-
TOTAL	129,203		82,692	-	-
NON-DISTRIBUTABLE PORTION	-		-	-	-
REMAINING DISTRIBUTABLE PORTION	-		82,692	-	-

(*) A= for capital increases; B= to cover losses; C= for dividends

- Fees for auditing services and non-auditing services in accordance with article 149-duodecies of the Consob Issuers' Regulation

The table below, prepared in accordance with article 149-duodecies of Consob Issuers' Regulation no. 11971, shows the breakdown of the fees for the independent audit services and non-audit services due for the year, paid to the Independent Auditors KPMG S.p.A. and the companies in its network. The fees do not include VAT, Consob duties, and expense reimbursements.

Service	Service provider	Fees
Audit	KPMG S.p.A.	210,855
Other non-audit services	KPMG S.p.A.	235,480

- Parent that prepares consolidated financial statements

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. - Piazza San Carlo 156 - Turin

Milan, 21 February 2020

on behalf of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairperson
Paola Fandella

Annexes

The following are the financial statements of Intesa Sanpaolo as at 31/12/2018.

Intesa Sanpaolo Financial Statements - Balance sheet

Assets	31.12.2018	31.12.2017	(euro)	
			Changes amount	%
10. Cash and cash equivalents	7,363,132,608	5,749,702,612	1,613,429,996	28.1
20. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	25,878,591,115	18,586,740,166	7,291,850,949	39.2
<i>a) financial assets held for trading</i>	18,020,440,604	18,264,452,315	-244,011,711	-1.3
<i>b) financial assets designated at fair value</i>	197,753,361	322,287,851	-124,534,490	-38.6
<i>c) other financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value</i>	7,660,397,150	-	7,660,397,150	-
30. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	31,135,690,799	36,911,639,839	-5,775,949,040	-15.6
40. Financial assets measured at amortised cost	409,602,431,307	390,467,579,677	19,134,851,630	4.9
<i>a) due from banks</i>	154,590,837,735	157,439,934,737	-2,849,097,002	-1.8
<i>b) loans to customers</i>	255,011,593,572	233,027,644,940	21,983,948,632	9.4
50. Hedging derivatives	2,877,547,472	3,822,813,304	-945,265,832	-24.7
60. Fair value change of financial assets in hedged portfolios (+/-)	77,275,285	-130,633,072	207,908,357	
70. Equity investments	26,257,677,770	30,558,013,553	-4,300,335,783	-14.1
80. Property and equipment	4,598,266,116	4,399,954,385	198,311,731	4.5
90. Intangible assets	2,767,601,935	2,454,495,926	313,106,009	12.8
<i>of which:</i>				
- <i>goodwill</i>	1,160,336,910	858,532,215	301,804,695	35.2
100. Tax assets	14,334,819,665	13,012,846,576	1,321,973,089	10.2
<i>a) current</i>	2,996,573,278	2,950,336,388	46,236,890	1.6
<i>b) deferred</i>	11,338,246,387	10,062,510,188	1,275,736,199	12.7
110. Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	672,258,249	265,849,446	406,408,803	
120. Other assets	2,987,801,986	3,278,434,392	-290,632,406	-8.9
Total assets	528,553,094,307	509,377,436,804	19,175,657,503	3.8

Intesa Sanpaolo Financial Statements - Balance sheet

Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	31.12.2018	31.12.2017	(euro)	
			Changes amount	%
10. Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	447,143,398,340	427,289,537,038	19,853,861,302	4.6
<i>a) due to banks</i>	161,719,030,885	173,709,711,661	-11,990,680,776	-6.9
<i>b) due to customers</i>	208,532,094,893	170,914,110,169	37,617,984,724	22.0
<i>c) securities issued</i>	76,892,272,562	82,665,715,208	-5,773,442,646	-7.0
20. Financial liabilities held for trading	14,559,502,621	14,579,631,354	-20,128,733	-0.1
30. Financial liabilities designated at fair value	1,821,039,982	9,133,072	1,811,906,910	
40. Hedging derivatives	5,357,675,339	5,555,327,525	-197,652,186	-3.6
50. Fair value change of financial liabilities in hedged portfolios (+/-)	381,865,835	323,857,059	58,008,776	17.9
60. Tax liabilities	1,446,555,316	1,284,667,901	161,887,415	12.6
<i>a) current</i>	75,887,346	102,626,726	-26,739,380	-26.1
<i>b) deferred</i>	1,370,667,970	1,182,041,175	188,626,795	16.0
70. Liabilities associated with non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	-	-	-	-
80. Other liabilities	6,352,470,569	6,982,977,351	-630,506,782	-9.0
90. Employee termination indemnities	845,215,781	767,146,054	78,069,727	10.2
100. Allowances for risks and charges	3,434,676,119	4,112,924,336	-678,248,217	-16.5
<i>a) commitments and guarantees given</i>	350,010,141	212,022,648	137,987,493	65.1
<i>b) post-employment benefits</i>	223,290,421	883,579,918	-660,289,497	-74.7
<i>c) other allowances for risks and charges</i>	2,861,375,557	3,017,321,770	-155,946,213	-5.2
110. Valuation reserves	1,080,919,802	773,748,333	307,171,469	39.7
120. Redeemable shares	-	-	-	-
130. Equity instruments	4,102,664,631	4,102,750,714	-86,083	-
140. Reserves	4,369,749,752	3,843,194,689	526,555,063	13.7
150. Share premium reserve	24,925,954,843	26,164,131,214	-1,238,176,371	-4.7
160. Share capital	9,085,469,852	8,731,984,116	353,485,736	4.0
170. Treasury shares (-)	-39,659,294	-25,863,278	13,796,016	53.3
180. Net income (loss) (+/-)	3,685,594,819	4,882,289,326	-1,196,694,507	-24.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	528,553,094,307	509,377,436,804	19,175,657,503	3.8

Intesa Sanpaolo Financial Statements - Income statement

		(euro)			
		2018	2017	Changes	
				amount	%
10.	Interest and similar income	7,036,268,861	6,458,141,888	578,126,773	9.0
	<i>of which: interest income calculated using the effective interest rate method</i>	7,245,312,697	5,744,268,384	1,501,044,313	26.1
20.	Interest and similar expense	-2,785,287,693	-3,847,250,788	-861,963,095	-23.6
30.	Interest margin	4,250,980,968	2,810,891,100	1,440,089,868	51.2
40.	Fee and commission income	4,929,423,970	3,793,854,801	1,135,569,169	29.9
50.	Fee and commission expense	-912,661,080	-825,520,418	87,140,662	10.6
60.	Net fee and commission income	4,016,762,890	2,968,334,383	1,048,428,507	35.3
70.	Dividend and similar income	3,491,677,892	1,888,660,731	1,603,017,161	84.9
80.	Profits (Losses) on trading	-79,935,623	46,821,374	-126,756,997	
90.	Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting	-22,244,300	-17,328,451	4,915,849	28.4
100.	Profits (Losses) on disposal or repurchase of:	100,711,617	181,248,529	-80,536,912	-44.4
	<i>a) financial assets measured at amortised cost</i>	-64,232,505	-10,886,814	53,345,691	
	<i>b) financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</i>	214,993,962	212,407,293	2,586,669	1.2
	<i>c) financial liabilities</i>	-50,049,840	-20,271,950	29,777,890	
110.	Profits (Losses) on other financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	280,721,335	2,366,331	278,355,004	
	<i>a) financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value</i>	29,612,955	2,366,331	27,246,624	
	<i>b) other financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value</i>	251,108,380	-	251,108,380	-
120.	Net interest and other banking income	12,038,674,779	7,880,993,997	4,157,680,782	52.8
130.	Net losses/recoveries for credit risks associated with:	-1,820,970,596	-2,017,545,067	-196,574,471	-9.7
	<i>a) financial assets measured at amortised cost</i>	-1,821,932,128	-1,541,323,340	280,608,788	18.2
	<i>b) financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</i>	961,532	-476,221,727	477,183,259	
140.	Profits (Losses) on changes in contracts without derecognition	-16,347,123	46,858	-16,393,981	
150.	Net income from banking activities	10,201,357,060	5,863,495,788	4,337,861,272	74.0
160.	Administrative expenses:	-7,016,830,150	-6,384,782,140	631,848,010	9.9
	<i>a) personnel expenses</i>	-3,670,210,376	-3,775,235,832	-105,025,456	-2.8
	<i>b) other administrative expenses</i>	-3,346,419,774	-2,609,546,308	736,873,466	28.2
170.	Net provisions for risks and charges	-39,701,232	-818,539,821	-778,838,589	-95.1
	<i>a) commitments and guarantees given</i>	9,969,715	-	9,969,715	-
	<i>b) other net provisions</i>	-49,670,947	-818,539,821	-768,868,874	-93.9
180.	Net adjustments to / recoveries on property and equipment	-125,285,249	-123,334,124	1,951,125	1.6
190.	Net adjustments to / recoveries on intangible assets	-15,077,425	-12,895,800	2,181,625	16.9
200.	Other operating expenses (income)	517,930,457	5,328,341,445	-4,810,410,988	-90.3
210.	Operating expenses	-6,678,763,599	-2,011,210,440	4,667,553,159	
220.	Profits (Losses) on equity investments	127,339,460	166,969,444	-39,629,984	-23.7
230.	Valuation differences on property, equipment and intangible assets measured at fair value	-5,806,488	-16,560,861	-10,754,373	-64.9
240.	Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-
250.	Profits (Losses) on disposal of investments	805,923	77,195,893	-76,389,970	-99.0
260.	Income (Loss) before tax from continuing operations	3,644,932,356	4,079,889,824	-434,957,468	-10.7
270.	Taxes on income from continuing operations	40,662,463	802,399,502	-761,737,039	-94.9
280.	Income (Loss) after tax from continuing operations	3,685,594,819	4,882,289,326	-1,196,694,507	-24.5
290.	Income (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-
300.	Net income (loss)	3,685,594,819	4,882,289,326	-1,196,694,507	-24.5